

pco.pixelfly usb





In this manual you find instructions for the pco.pixelfly usb scientific camera.

Target Audience: This camera is designed for use by technicians, engineers, and scientists.

In case of any questions or comments, please contact us at PCO.



The cover photo shows an exemplary PCO camera system. The lens is sold separately.

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1 Introduction

Ultra compact high performance.



Features

This versatile high performance 14 bit CCD camera system has an extraordinary quantum efficiency of up to 62%. At the heart of the camera is a FPGA processor allowing for sophisticated control and accurate timing of the CCD and associated electronics. In addition, a proprietary offset control algorithm has been developed which provides very high offset stability, regardless of ambient temperature or signal changes, ensuring accurate and repeatable quantitative data over long periods of time.

The camera's main features are:

- excellent resolution (1392 x 1040 pixel)
- superior quantum efficiency up to 62%
- 14 bit dynamic range
- superior low noise of 6e⁻ rms @ 12MHz
- no glow functionality at long exposure times
- excellent DSNU at long exposure times
- optimal offset stability and control (<1count)
- hot pixel correction integrated
- USB2.0 interface

Areas of Application

scientific imaging combustion imaging luminescence spectroscopy spectroscopy particle image velocimetry (PIV) bioluminescence / chemoluminescence low light level imaging high resolution microscopy quality control fuel injection scintillation recording material testing

flow visualization (hydrodynamics) machinevision/industrial applications imaging of bio markers (e.g. green fluorescent protein, GFP) Red and NIR fluorescence applications

2 Safety Instructions



Never operate the camera in humid or dusty environments or in places with high amounts of X-ray radiation. **Humidity**, **dust** or **X-rays** could damage the camera.



To avoid the risk of water condensation, protect the camera against extreme changes of ambient temperature. If **condensation** enters the camera, there is the risk of electric shock.



To prevent damage to the camera, the system must be kept stable and protected against **strong jolts or vibrations**. The socket at the bottom of the camera is to be used for mounting purposes only.



Electric shock warning – Never slide any items through the **slits** into the camera because of the risk of electric shock if the voltage parts inside are touched.



Each time the camera is used, check the **power cable** for any damage.



Never position the cable in a way that it could become a tripping hazard.



Do not force the lens onto the camera. To protect the lens connector thread from damage, use minimal force when attaching a lens to the camera.

If any of the following conditions apply, immediately switch off the camera, separate it from the power line and contact our customer support:



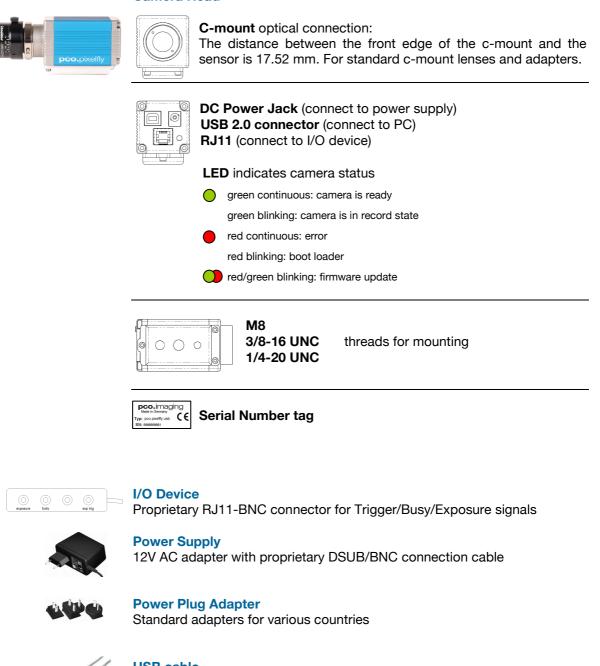
▲ If the power cable or the power plug seems to be worn or damaged.

- ▲ If liquids have penetrated the device.
- ▲ If, after thoroughly reviewing the instruction manual, the device is still not operating properly.
- ▲ If the camera has been dropped or the casing is damaged.

3 System Components

The camera system includes the following parts.

Camera Head



USB-A/USB-B cable (5m)



Digital Camera Tools (CD-ROM)

- The accompanying CD contains (see appendix A8):
- Camware: software for camera control & image acquisition
- camera driver & tools
- software development kit (SDK) and demo programs in C and C++

4 Installation

You will find all necessary files on the accompanying CD. You may also download the newest versions of our software, camera drivers, and third party software drivers from our website (support section).

Minimum system requirements:

- Clock speed > 1.6GHz
- RAM > 512MB
- Windows XP/ Service Pack 2
- 1280 x 1024 pixel resolution display
- 32-bit-graphics card (16.7 million colors)

4.1 USB 2.0

Please have the USB drivers and files downloaded on your computer. Connect camera with PC and connect camera to power.

4.2 Camera Driver

The first time the camera is connected via USB to the computer, Windows will notify the user that a new device has been detected. Afterwards, the typical Windows hardware drivers' installation process will begin. At this point, you are asked for the location of the corresponding *.inf file.

Please click on the drive where the CD has been inserted or to the directory where the installation software has been downloaded. Windows will perform any further installation and system registration automatically.

4.3 Camware

The Camware 32-bit Windows application software enables you to control every camera parameter or setting. Images can be displayed on a monitor and may be downloaded and stored.

The CD runs automatically (if not: please begin the installation manually by double clicking on the setup.exe file). The installation software copies all necessary DLL files into the corresponding Windows directories. While doing this, older versions of these files will be replaced, if present. All required Windows registration entries will be made automatically. After a successful installation, you will find the program file 'Digital Camera Toolbox' in your program directory. Other helpful tools are also installed in the same file (see appendix A8).

To uninstall the Camware program, please use the *Software* feature under Window's *System Control*.

5 Quick Start

Note: In order to get familiar with your new camera & software it might be helpful, if you first aim at an object that is easy to focus and that can be seen at standard light conditions.

5.1 Preparation

Start

5.2

- ✓ installation is finished (see chapter 4)
- ✓ an appropriate lens is attached (remove cap!) or the camera is attached properly to the microscope, spectrograph or other scientific device
- ✓ camera is connected to the PC
- ✓ computer is on
- ✓ camera is connected to the power supply and ready (LED 'green')

start Camware start Camware open view window - if not already open start "live preview" apply "auto range peak" you may adjust aperture and focus

You should now clearly see the object in the window.

- If you need to change exposure time (e.g. the image is still either too dark or too bright), please go to chapter 6!
- If you want to record and save images, please see chapter 6 and chapter 7 for detailed information!

6 Camera Control for the pco.pixelfly usb

The 'Camera Control' window in Camware is the main interface for all camera settings.

For further Camware features please see chapter 7!

6.1 The "Camera Control" window

The camera control window can be opened by selecting the proper command in the "Camera"-Menu or by the corresponding button in the toolbar:



The camera control dialog always adapts to the camera type connected. For the pco.pixelfly usb the camera control settings are spread over four **property sheets** ①, which will be explained below.

	CameraControl	
	Timing Sensor (Size) Sensor (Misc.) Recording	—1
	Exposure: 20.000ms	
	Trigger Mode Timing Auto Sequence Soft Trigger External Exp. Start External Exp. Ctrl Timing Exposure 00:00:020:000 ✓ min:s:ms:us Delay 00:000:000:000 ✓ s:ms:us:ns S:ms:us:ns Main State Timing External Exp. Ctrl S:ms:us:ns S:ms:us:ns S:ms:us:ns S:ms:us:ns S:ms:us:ns S:ms:us:ns 	
3 —	pco.USB.Pixel.Fly (1392x1040), b/w, doubleshutter	-2

Changes to the camera control sheets must be completed by pressing the "Accept" button ②.

If the "Accept" button is not pressed, these changes will be ignored and lost. If the changes are within the allowed condition limits of the camera, a message is sent to the computer, the button disappears and the green lamp will be highlighted. If an illegal change was attempted, the camera will not accept the change and the red lamp will be highlighted.

In the **information field** ③ you can view some information about the camera. Click into the info field in order to scroll through the values.

pco.USB.Pixel.Fly (1392x1040), b/w, doubleshutter
El. Temp.: 45 °C
Imagesize: 1392x1040, max. fps: 13.55

CameraControl Timing Sensor (Size) Sensor (Misc.) Recording Exposure: 20.000ms + -÷ 20ms 40me Óma Trigger Mode Timina 00:00:020:000 💲 🔽 Auto Sequence Exposure O Soft Trigger min:s:ms:<u>us</u> Delay 🔘 External Exp. Start simsiusi<mark>ns</mark> O External Exp. Ctrl pco.USB.Pixel.Fly (1392x1040), b/w, doubleshutter

6.2 The "Timing" sheet

Trigger Mode

[Auto Sequence] The camera will optimize the image recording to achieve the best possible frame rate.

In the [auto sequence] exposure control mode, the camera determines the fastest possible image uptake rate depending on the adjusted exposure time and the required readout time. After a start command is given, the sequential recording is started until a stop command is given.

[Soft Trigger] Single images can be recorded with Camware control. The single image can be acquired by pressing the "Single Trigger" button. This button appears after pressing the "Start Record" button (see 7.2). Other signals cannot influence this operating mode.

[External Exp. Start] The image acquisition is triggered by an external signal. It is also possible to force a software trigger for a test image with the "Single Trigger" button.

In the [External Exp. Start] exposure control mode, single image recording is started by the falling or rising edge of the voltage signal at the BNC input (see appendix A3).

pixel clock	xel clock intrinsic + system delay	
12 MHz	5.6 µs	
25 MHz	5.6 µs	

[External Exp. Ctrl] not available for pco.pixelfly usb

Timing

The exposure time (delay time is not available for pco.pixelfly usb) can be adjusted in steps of 5μ s.

	exposure time
pco.pixelfly usb	5µs 60s

The jitter of the actual exposure start edge: < 13ns

6.3 The "Sensor (Size)" sheet

Camera	Control	E	K
Timing	Sensor (Size)	Sensor (Misc.) Recording	
Binni	ng	Region of interest	
horizc vertik		1	
⊙ s	or format standard 1392x1040 alternative	1040 🗢 🗸	
	800×600	<1040), b/w, doubleshutter	

Binning

Binning combines neighboring pixels (in either the horizontal or vertical direction) to form super pixels. It increases the light signal of the resulting pixels and decreases the spatial resolution of the total image, which is recorded. Vertical binning (x2) will also double the speed.

Region of Interest

The ROI (region of interest) selects only a part of the sensor to be read out, in order to speed up the frame rate and to save memory (not available for the pco.pixelfly usb).

Sensor Format

This sensor implementation provides the option to either readout the standard size (effective pixels recommended by the sensor manufacturer) or an alternative size of 800 x 600 pixel (center mode).

CameraControl	X
Timing Sensor (Size)	Sensor (Misc.) Recording
AD Converter one two Double Image off on	Pixelclock 25 v1.0e+6 Pixel/s Electronics Temperature
IR Sensitivity off O on Offset Control	60.0 T[*C] *C Sens*C
auto off B/W Noise Filter off	10.0 Default -300 t(s) 0
pco.USB.Pixel.Fly (1392	x1040), b/w, doubleshutter 🛛 🔵 🥥

6.4 The "Sensor (Misc.)" sheet

Pixelclock

The pixel clock sets the clock frequency and therefore the image sensor readout speed. At 12 MHz the image quality will be higher due to very low readout noise (read out at a lower bandwidth). At 25 MHz the image sensor is read out with nearly double speed, achieving higher frame rates.

	12 MHz	25 MHz
1392 x 1040	7.3 fps	13.5 fps
800 x 600	11.7 fps	21.6 fps

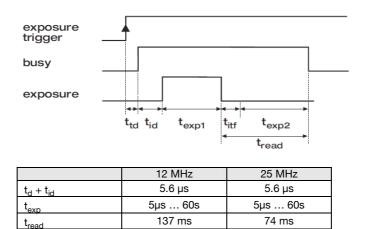
maximum frame rate: 40.5 fps (25 MHz, 800x600, V2 binning)

AD Converter

Feature not available for pco.pixelfly usb.

Double Image

This feature is widely used for particle image velocimetry (PIV) measurements. The first exposure time t_{exp1} can be any exposure time of the available range of the pco.pixelfly usb camera. The second exposure time t_{exp2} can not be directly adjusted. The length of the second exposure is exactly determined by the readout time of the first image. The interframing time t_{itf} denotes the transition time between end of exposure #1 and start of exposure #2. See also appendix A3.



1 µs

t_d: trigger acknowledge delay

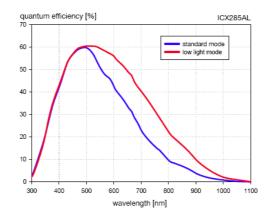
t_{id}: intrinsic delay

t_{itf}

1 µs

IR Sensitivity = Low Light Mode

This feature uses a special image sensor control method, allowing greater sensitivity in the near infrared spectral range (red line in graph), in most cases at the expense of decreased anti-blooming performance.



The integrated hot pixel correction is only active for standard mode. If you need to correct hot pixel in IR mode, please follow instructions under chapter 7.4 (Create Hot Pixel List).

Offset Control

Offset control is done automatically for optimal results. User control is disabled.

B/W Noise Filter

In the pco.pixelfly usb an optimal hot pixel correction is already integrated. For exposure times > 1s you might need extra Hot Pixel List (see page 21).

Conversion Factor

The conversion factor defines how many charges (electrons), which have been generated by light in the image sensor in each pixel, are necessary to generate one count (one intensity level) in the digital image. Therefore, the conversion factor describes the gain that is applied to the signal before it is converted into a digital value.

	conversion factor
pco.pixelfly usb	1.0

Electronics Temperature

A digital temperature compensation is integrated instead of a space consuming thermo-electrical cooling unit. There is no additional fan.

- CameraControl
 E

 Timing
 Sensor (Size)

 Sensor (Misc.)
 Recording

 Recorder Mode
 Timestamp

 Sequence
 Sinary

 Binary
 Binary + ASCII

 Acquire Mode
 ASCII

 External
 Ext. frame trig.

 pco.USB.Pixel.Fly (1392x1040), b/w, doubleshutter
 Image: Content of the second se
- 6.5 The "Recording" sheet

Features not available in the pco.pixelfly usb.

Recording with the pco.pixelfly usb

The Camware will use free disk space on your computer. The recorded images will be temporally saved as a 16bit multi TIFF under documents&settings\user\local\temp\PCO\cam0. Therefore, the camera runs in a virtual 'Sequence' Recorder Mode. The maximum number of images depends solely on the disk size of the computer.

Every new recording or shut-down of Camware will delete this temporary folder (including images)!

For further details on recording and saving images see the following chapters: 7.2; 7.3; 7.5!

Multiple cameras can be connected to one PC, but only one camera can record images under Camware (multiple cameras with SDK).

PCO's renowned software for camera control, image acquisition, and archiving of images in various file formats.



You will find an **online help** under the common Help menu.

Note: There are some features explained in the online help that are not applicable for this camera version.

7.1 If no camera is connected

When Camware is started, it automatically recognizes the camera type, which is connected to the computer and switched on.

Demo Mode Setup 🛛 🛛 🔀		
Error on startup! No camera detected or no board found! Starting without camera functions. Please select color and resolution for demo mode. Resolution		
1392x1024 pixelfly qe 💉 14bit 💌		
X 1392 Y 1024 V Double Shutter		
Color		
⊙ b/w		
PRESS 'Restart'n log.' TO ENABLE LOGGING. This enables logging and restarts CamWare.		
If you only like to contact pco, please press DK and select '?/About' and 'Support'.		
Cancel Restart'n log. OK		

If Camware is started with no camera connected to the PC or with cameras switched off, it starts in demo mode.

In this mode all **image processing** features are available. The user only has to tell Camware which type of images will be opened. For that purpose, the "Demo Mode Setup" window opens and asks for the corresponding input.

Need Help? If this window pops up because you have trouble running the camera, please see instructions in appendix A6.

Resolution

The drop down list offers the existing image sensor spatial resolutions of all PCO camera systems. Please select the specific resolution and bit depth of the images to be opened! If double shutter images have been recorded and should be opened, "Double Shutter Mode" should be checked.

Color

With the radio buttons, the user can specify whether the image type is monochrome or color.

Alignment

These two radio buttons adjust whether MSB aligned ("upper") or LSB aligned ("lower") images have been stored (see page 18, "File Settings").

Settings to view the b16 files of the pco.pixelfly usb:

	Resolution	bit	DoubleShutter	Color	Alignment
pco.pixelfly usb	1392x1040	14	<yes>/<no></no></yes>	b/w	upper

7.2 Overview

Menu Bar							
📟 CamWare 🛛	3.03						
<u>Fi</u> le <u>C</u> amera	<u>A</u> cquisition	<u>V</u> iew	<u>W</u> indow	2	See chapter 7.3 - 7.8.		
Local Menu							
	e "mous	se rig	ht-clicł	<" is	s explained in chapter 7.9.		
Toolbar							
	1						
	prints th	ne cur	rently dis	splay	red image or comment window		
	opens a	a b/w	color di	splay	y window		
0	opens the camera control window						
	opens the convert control						
	auto rar	nge pe	eak/crop	(see	chapter 7.6 under "Convert Control BW")		
9					t and easy camera adjustment and focusing e camera control window if it is opened!		
	soft trig	ger: c	aptures a	a sin	gle image (see chapter 6.2)		

Cursor display

Col x:1640 y: 596 R:242 G:255 B:255

Col x:1640 y: 596 R:242 G:255 B:255	cursor: pixel position and intensity value
	continuous "auto range crop" scaling

Recorder



	record START / STOP / PLAY
REC	opens the recorder settings window
	replay navigation
	The 'Recorder Browser' gives an overview of the recorded images.
Browser Control	A click on the desired image makes it the current image in the Black/White or Color window.
Skip #images 10 Page 1 V	'Skip #images' allows for convenient overview at large numbers of images.
	With the "Multi Frame Window" it is possible to view all active camera images in one window. The user might select between "time" oriented or "camera number" oriented order.



7.3 The File Menu

Open Raw File (single image only)

This command should be used to import a single image into the currently active image window. Only files with the extension and format of "*.b16" (PCO proprietary binary image format) and "*.tif" (TIFF image format) can be imported. If the recorder is enabled, each imported image will be transferred to the buffer shown in the picture number. The image itself will be fitted to the current image size. If the recorder is disabled, the current image sizes will be set to the parameters of the imported image.

Open Raw File Set (for hsfc pro camera)

This command is used to open a set of images, previously saved with the 'Save Raw File Set' command. The corresponding windows will be opened automatically. Additionally a comment window will be opened, which shows the settings of the channel and a comment. This option is not accessible in case of the recorder is switched on.

Open Recorder Sequence (image sequence from one camera)

This command is used to import a sequence of images. If more than one camera is connected and an image window is currently open, the sequence will be loaded to the active window. If no image window is open, the images will be loaded to camera #1. This command opens the "Open file" dialog box. Only files with the extension and the format of "*.b16" and "*.tif" (TIFF16) can be imported.

Save Raw File (single image only)

The "Save" command should be used to save the image, which is displayed in the active window. The command opens the "Save file" dialog box. The image file can be saved in 16bit "*.b16" and ".tif" format.

If more than one camera is connected, it is possible to save all current images by selecting "Export all images" in the "Save file" dialog box. With this feature it is possible to save one image of each active camera within one process step (it is not necessary to repeat the save process for each camera). The "Save" command will not be available, if there is no image window open. See 6.5 for further information!

Save Raw Set (for hsfc pro camera) To save one image of each active camera within one single b16 file.

Save Raw Recorder (image sequence from one camera)

The "Save Recorder" command should be used to save or export image records. If more than one camera is connected and an image window is currently open, the record of the active window will be saved. The command opens the "Save file" dialog box. If another image format than "*.b16" or "*.tif" (16bit) is chosen, image content will be lost, and it will be impossible to reload the images. The "Save Recorder" command will not be available, if there is no image window open. See 6.5 for further information!

Export File (not reloadable!)

Use this command to export the image in the active image window. This command will open the Save file dialog box. Files with the extensions "fts", "tif", "bmp", "asc", "jpg", and "jp2" can be exported. This item will be not visible, if there is no image window open.

Note: be aware of the different storage abilities of the formats, for example "*.bmp" - the bitmap format only allows for 8bit values to be stored and therefore the image content of a 12 or 14bit image is reduced, if stored as bitmap.

Export Recorder Sequence (not reloadable!)

Use this command to export a sequence of images. If more than one channel is connected and an image window is currently open the record of the window which has got the input focus will be saved. If no image window is open the images of channel 1 will be saved. This command will open the Export image dialog box. Files with the extensions "fts", "tif", "bmp", "asc", "avi", "mpg", "jp2", and "wmv" can be exported.

If you export recorder files you will not be able to reload them into CamWare!

Print Setup

The "Print Setup" command opens the Windows "Print Setup" dialog box for adjustments and settings of the connected printer(s).

Print Preview

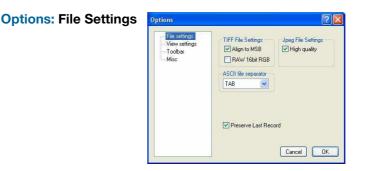
The "Print Preview" command opens a "Print Preview" window.

Print

Opens the Windows "Print" dialog box for the currently displayed image or comment display.

Options

This command opens the "Options" dialog, allowing special settings.



Tiff Bit Alignment

Here you can select the alignment of the pixel value. If this item is checked each pixel value is shifted from bit 12-1 to bit 16-5. This removes the 'dark image effect' inside other image applications.

Tiff RAW

Here you can select whether the 16bit RGB tif file is saved with 16bit raw or white balanced data. If this item is checked, each 16bit RGB pixel value is saved as raw 16bit RGB (48bit) value, without white balancing. Saving to 16bit RGB can be done by selecting the color display window, export recorder, selecting 8bit-tif (!) and checking 'Save 16bit RGB'.

ASCII file separator

Here you can select an appropriate separator for the ASCII file format.

Jpeg High Quality

Here you can select the quality of the saved jpeg/jp2 files. High quality saves images with 100% quality. Unchecking this option will create jpeg files with 85% quality.

Preserve Last Record

If checked, a message box will pop up in case the user may overwrite or loose data.

Options: View Settings



Image Browser

Here you can select between showing all image tiles inside the browser window either b/w or color. Setting b/w will result in a faster refresh (valid only for color CCD).

Marker

Use this command to display a cross in the centre of each image.

<u>Convert (Min/Max)</u> ("Continuous Auto Range Crop", see chapter 7.6 under "Convert Control BW")

This option enables the automatic min/max function during record and replay. Disable this feature if the application stops responding during this mode (due to operating system capacity problems).

Double Shutter:

This option enables the update of both double shutter images during record and replay. Disable this feature if the application stops responding during this mode (due to operating system capacity problems).

Options: Toolbar	Options	? 🛛
	File settings Toolbar View settings If Main Toolbar If Cursor Display Misc If Alth. Function If Replay Speed B. If Show Speed	ar
		Cancel OK

Toolbar

Opens the corresponding toolbars (see 7.2)

Math. Functions

Ref.-Act.+0ff: ▼ 0👻 🚯 🚭 🌍

With the math window you have the ability to build the difference between a reference image and the actual image. If you activate math every new image acquired will be subtracted from the reference image or vice versa.

last acquired image will be copied to reference buffer

a reference picture will be acquired and copied to reference buffer

Ŕ

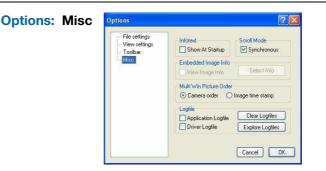
add offset here to avoid negative values, which would not be visible

🕙 🕙 enable / disable math function

-7

Replay Speed Bar

The faster replay speed is useful if large sets of image data need to be scanned.



<u>Infotext</u>

Use this command to show or hide the start-up information dialog box.

Synchronous Scrolling

If this item is checked all opened image windows will be scrolled at the same time and in the same manner.

<u>View Embedded Image Info</u> (for pixelfly and sensicam models) If this item is checked an embedded text will be shown inside the image. See chapter 7.6.

Multi Win Picture Order

With the 'Multi Window' you have the ability to view the images of all active cameras in one window. You can select between 'time' oriented or 'camera number' oriented order. 'Time' oriented means that the sequence of images depends on the individual time stamp of each image. 'Camera number' oriented means that the first image shown is from camera 1, then camera 2 and so on.

Logfile

This option enables the logging of errors and system info. Enable this feature in order to create a support file, which can help to find out troubles with the cameras (see A6 "Customer Service and Trouble Shooting").

Load lookup Table (for monochrome cameras)

With the Pseudo LUT feature you can load any LUT with one of four different formats and you can view the result in the color view window.

Use one of the attached predefined LUTs or define your own.

Direct Record To File

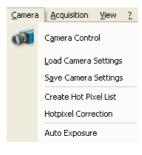
This command is intended for cameras with internal memory. In case of the pco.pixelfly usb images are recorded directly onto hard disk by default. With this command you can preset a certain number of images to be stored. If the camera captures images faster than the computer can save to disk, then you will loose images. The displaying of the images doesn't interfere with the record process.

Record with 'Flowfile' (for pixelfly and sensicam models)

Exit

This command exits the program and closes all channel dialog windows.

Window positions, settings and sizes are stored in the windows registry and will be loaded again at next start-up.



7.4 The Camera Menu

Camera Control

Use this command to open the camera control window (see 6.1).

Load Camera Settings

With this command you can reload camera settings which have been previously saved. You can reload only a file which has been made with the same camera configuration as it was found by the application at start-up.

Save Camera Settings

This command saves the actual camera settings of all existing cameras.

Create Hot Pixel List (available with next Camware version V3.04) Use this command to create a 'Hotpixel-File'. Some pixels tend to become very bright during a long exposure. These pixels are called hot pixel. To remove hot pixels from the image you have to create a hot pixel file first. If you have already a hot pixel file you only have to enable hot pixel correction. The new value of the hot pixel will be calculated from the values of the neighbour pixels. You only can create a hot pixel-file if the last exposure was longer than 5s.

This command will open the hot pixel dialog. You have to type in the desired count of hot pixels first. Then press the 'Get Hotpixel' button. After this the hot pixel list will be

created, using the last acquired image. Now you have the possibility to save the hot pixel list for later use. All list box items with a checkmark will be saved to the hot pixel file. You can select or deselect a group of items by highlighting a group and pressing the checkmark in front of one of the highlighted

-	l Ho	otpixel				?×
		of hot- els in list	300	Get H	lot Pixel	Close
	Av	erage Val.	16.31		Gave HOT-Fil	e
	pre		to get a ne	perture is closed. You can w image. Exposure time must		
		×	у	∇ Value	d [%]	~
	\square	0385	0724	124	660.3	-
	\square	0975	0992	124	660.3	
	\Box		0992	124	660.3	
	☑	0979	0992		660.3	
	\Box	0981	0992		660.3	
	\square	0983	0992	124	660.3	
		0985	0992	124	660.3	×

items. Additionally you can open a local menu inside the list box by pressing the right mouse button. You can verify your selection by scrolling through the list and by a comparison to the average value shown in the dialog.

Hotpixel Correction

You can enable or disable the hot pixel correction. If hot pixel correction is disabled, a file dialog will be opened, in which you have to select the correct hot pixel file for the corresponding camera. If you have more than one camera connected you have to select the correct camera number first. If hot pixel correction is enabled this feature will be switched off.

Auto Exposure

Starts some exposures and tries to find an exposure time that captures images with grey values between 1400 and 1500. It re-adjusts the lookup tables in order to display the images with the new settings best.

In case the software is not able to calculate an appropriate setting, this message will be displayed.





7.5 The Acquisition Menu

Live Preview

The 'Live Preview' is useful for fast and easy adjusting and focusing of the camera. The active window will be updated. To see another window, simply click on the window. This option is not available in double shutter mode.

Acquire Picture

Records single images in case of pixelfly and sensicam cameras.

Acquire Sequence

Starts recording images into the system memory according to Trigger Mode selection (see 6.2). During the recording, the camera controls are locked.

Rec. Memory Settings (for pixelfly and sensicam models)

Recorder Settings

This command opens the Recorder Settings dialog window.

The **Play Settings** are referred to the camera. If more than one camera is connected, the camera number is retrieved from the image window that has received the input focus (is active). If no image window is opened, the dialog is referred to camera 1. If the 'Set to all'

 Play setting 	s	
First Image	1	ОК
Last Image	829	Cancel
🔽 Set to all		Lancel
Averaging Avg. 1 IIR lowp Replay Spec		Global Settings] Seq.Wrap Rec] Seq.Wrap Play] Reverse Play

checkbox is checked the settings apply to all connected cameras.

The Global Settings are valid for all connected cameras.

Averaging

If in the "Avg." dropdown list a value not equal to 1 is selected, the corresponding number of images is averaged in the buffer, reducing the statistically independent noise.

Another option to reduce the noise is the activation of the "IIR lowpass" IIR-filter: Image(act) = Image(act - 1) * 0.5 + Image(new) * 0.5

Replay Speed Slider

The slider can be used to adjust the sequence replay speed, from slow (turtle) to fast (rabbit).

Seq. Wrap Rec

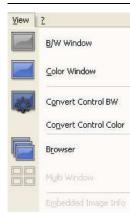
Sequential Wrap Recording sets Recorder Mode (6.6) to "Ring Buffer".

Seq. Wrap Play

The play button starts the display for a sequence as defined by the first image/last image fields and will loop until the stop button is pressed.

Reverse Play

If the "Reverse Play" box is checked, it is possible to play the recorded images in reverse.



7.6 The View Menu

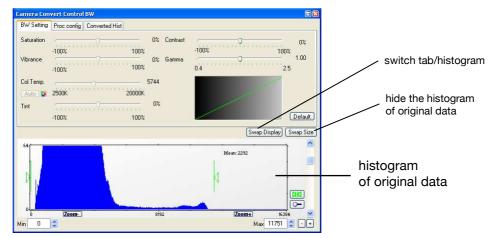
B/W Window

Use this command to open a b/w display window.

Color Window

Use this command to open a color display window.

Convert Control BW



The user can influence how the 14 bit intensity values (x-axis) of the original image are converted into 8 bit values (y-axis) in different ways.

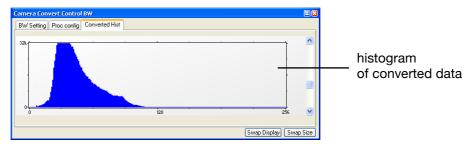
Green sliders in histogram

- left slider = 'Min' controller (corresponds to value "0" of the 8 bit display) Values below that mark are set to "0", i.e. displayed as black.

- right slider = 'Max' controller (corresponds to value "255")

Values above that mark are set to "255", i.e. displayed as white.

The values in-between are converted into a value between "0" and "255" according to <u>Contrast</u> and <u>Gamma</u> settings. See the small graph, which reflects the calculation.



How the Auto Range applies:

Auto Range Peak searches for the minimum and maximum 14 bit intensity values of the image. Given these number the converter scales the 8 bit display (256) within these two values.

Auto Range Crop sets the converter to ignore the extreme intensity values of the image and scales the display in a smaller range. Thus dark or bright light spots, reflections, etc. are cut off.

Min/Max (Automatic) = Continuous Auto Range Crop

GPU Processing

In order to benefit from all of Camware's advanced processing features, we highly recommend a NVIDIA CUDA-enabled graphics processing unit (GPU). AMD's ATI graphics processing units are not yet enabled, but will follow soon.

Camware Image Processing

	color	monochrome
Pre Processing		
Noise Reduction	\checkmark	\checkmark
Bayer Processing		
Bayer Demosaicing	\checkmark	
Sharpen	\checkmark	
Refine Process	\checkmark	
Chroma Blurr	\checkmark	
Post Processing		
Offset, Gain (Min/Max)	\checkmark	\checkmark
Color Correction	\checkmark	
Saturation, Vibrance	\checkmark	
Color Temperature, Tint, White Balance	\checkmark	
Gamma, Contrast	\checkmark	\checkmark

enable GPU processing 🔍	vert Control BW Proc config Conver	ted Hist				'non local means' algorithm
	GPU Processing	V	Noise Reduction NLM Denoise Adaptiv			
	Color Refine Filter		- Sharpen On			
				Swap D	isplay Swap Size	

Convert Control Color

This display will be shown only when you connect a color camera to one of your channels.

Browser

The 'Recorder Browser' gives an overview of the images in the Recorder, and helps you in an easy way to select a new current image. Simply click on the desired image to make it the current image. It may then be viewed in the Black/White and Color Window.

The Browser window can show up to 40 pictures per page, thus enabling easy printing of the Browser window. You can switch between the single pages by double clicking inside the Browser window or with the local menu (right mouse button).



'Skip #images' allows for convenient overview at large numbers of images.

Multi Window

View the images of all active cameras in consecutive order in one window. 'Time' oriented means that the sequence of images depends on the individual time stamp of each image. 'Camera number' oriented means that the first image shown is from camera 1, then camera 2 and so on.

Embedded Image Info (only for pixelfly and sensicam models) see Timestamp feature in chapter 6.6

7.7 The Window Menu

Cascade

Show all windows overlapped.

Tile

Tile windows vertically or horizontally.

Arrange Icons

Rearranges all minimized topic icons on the desktop.

Close All

Close all windows.

2

7.8 The Help Menu

<u>Contents</u> Search for Help on About

Contents

Opens the main page of the online program help.

Search for Help on

Opens an index list for help.

About

This window shows program information and contains helpful support links. In case of a camera problem, support files (see 7.3 Options/Misc/Logfile) may be generated, which can be automatically attached to the email. The support files contain relevant hardware information, the log files and the PCO related registry entries. These files are moved into a ziparchive called "CWSupport.zip", which can be found in the application folder.

camware	OK.
use this software to co available versions of S DICAMPro, PixelFly and pco.camera. (c)1998-2010 pco AG	
Support (Mail only); Support (Mail with support files); Support (Support files only); Visit our homepage;	support@pco.de support@pco.de Create support files only http://www.pco.de
	by copyright law and international treat ogram, or any portion of it, may result in

Image Properti	es
C <u>a</u> mera Contro	bl
Convert Contro	ol BW
Convert Contro	ol Color
Zoom +	+ Key
Zoom -	- Key
Zoom	
Auto Range <u>P</u> e	ak
Auto Range <u>C</u> r	ор
Auto Balance C	Fallar
Auto Exposure	
Elip	
Mirror	
Rotate Left (90)°)
Rotate Right (9	90°)
Line Tool	
Copy To Clipbo	ard

7.9 The Local Menu



The local menu is opened by clicking the right mouse button inside the client area of an image window.

Image Properties

Opens an information bubble with main image properties.

Camera Control

Opens the Camera Control window (see chapter 6).

Convert Control BW/Color

Opens the corresponding Convert Control windows (see 7.6).

Zoom

Changes the zoom used to display the image.

Auto Range Peak/Crop

Displays the image in a predefined scaling (see 7.6).

Auto Balance Color The white balance feature for color cameras.

Auto Exposure

Auto Exposure feature (see 7.4)

Flip

The image will be flipped before display.

Mirror

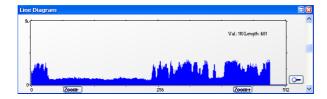
The selected the image will be mirrored before display.

Rotate

The image will be rotated by 90° clockwise (right) or counterclockwise (left) before it is shown in the image window.

Line Tool

Select 'Line Tool' to show a graph, which shows the intensity of the pixels under the red line shown in the image window. The selection of this menu item determines the location of the first point. After this you can move the mouse to the second point, which can be selected by a 'left click'. Now a 'Line Diagram' opens and the length of the line (unit: pixel) is shown in a bubble and displayed in the window.



Copy To Clipboard

Copies the active image to clipboard.



7.10 Additional Features

Setting Contrast Area by Mouse

You can control the minimum and maximum values used for the conversion from 12 to 8 bit with the mouse. Move the mouse cursor into a region which should be shown with maximum contrast. Press the shift and the left mouse button. Hold down the mouse button while increasing the size of the rubber band window with mouse moves. After releasing of the mouse button the coordinates of the rubber band window act as a border for calculating the minimum and maximum values.

Setting a new ROI by Mouse

In the same manner you can setup a new region of interest (see ROI in Camera control) for the camera. You only have to press the CTRL (Strg) button instead of the shift button. The coordinates of the rubber band window are used for calculating a new region of interest. You can reset the ROI to maximum by pressing the CTRL (Strg) button and the right mouse button.

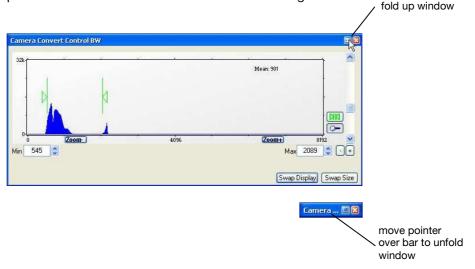
White Balance by Mouse

In the same manner you can change the 'white balance'. You only have to press the CTRL (Strg) and the shift button at the same time. The pixel values within the coordinates of the rubber band window are used for calculating a new 'white balance'.

For best results we recommend to use the white balance button in the 'Convert Control Color' (see 7.6) or the 'Auto Balance Color' in the Local Menu (see 7.9) respectively.

Fold Up Window

The Convert Control windows can be minimized/folded up. Just move the pointer over the bar and the window will unfold again.



Time Elapse Window

If an image is acquired with an exposure time longer than 5s, the time elapse window will appear to show the remaining time of the current exposure.

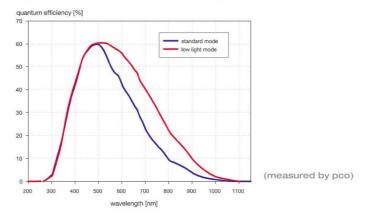


Appendix

A1 Technical Data

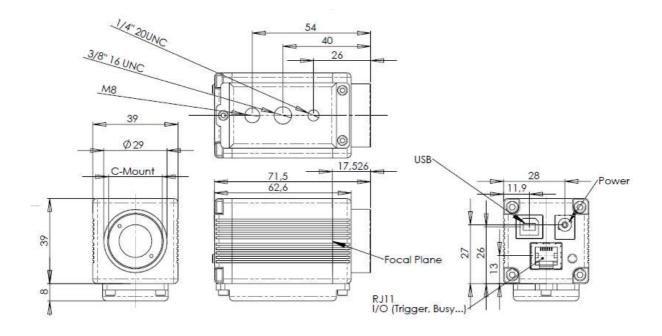
	unit	setpoint	pco.pixelfly usb
resolution (hor x ver)	pixel	normal mode	1392 x 1040
	pixei	center mode	800 x 600
pixel size (hor x ver)	µm ²		6.45 x 6.45
sensor format	inch		2/3"
sensor diagonal	mm		11.14
quantum efficiency (peak)	%	500nm typical	62
full well capacity	e ⁻	full frame	16 000
Tur wer capacity	C	binning	24 000
dark current	e⁻/pixel · s	23 °C typical	1
	o / pixtor o	45 °C typical	10
image sensor			ICX285AL
maximum dynamic	dB	full frame	68.5
range		2x2 binning	72
dynamic range A/D	bit	standard	14
		transfer mode	12
read out noise	e⁻rms	12 MHz	typ. 57 (max 10)
		24 MHz	typ. 68 (max 12)
imaging frequency	fps	12 / 24 MHz full frame	7.3 / 13.5
(frame rate)	1° -	12 / 24 MHz center	11.7 / 21.6
,		24 MHz center V2 bin	40.4
A/D conversion factor	e ⁻ / count	standard / binning	1.0
spectral range	nm		290 1100
exposure time			5 µs … 60 s
interframing time	μs	double shutter mode	1
anti-blooming factor		standard light mode	> 400
		low light mode	> 4
		(100 ms expos. time)	
smear	%		< 0.002
optical input			c-mount
trigger, auxiliary signals		internal / external	software / TTL
monitor signals		exposure & busy	3.3 V LVTTL
binning (hor x ver)			1x1 2x2
power supply	VDC	range	9 28 V
		typical	12 V
power consumption	W		< 4
mechanical dimensions	mm ³		39 x 39 x 83
(w x h x l)			w/o socket
weight	kg		0.25
ambient temperature	°C	range	+10 +45
operating humidity	%	range	10 80
storage temperature	°C	range	-20 +70
data interface			USB 2.0
CE certified			yes





A2 Mechanical Dimensions

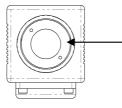
All dimensions given in millimeter.



Input Window | Filter

The input window of the pco.pixelfly usb camera contains a standard 300nm - 800nm AR coating (2%).

This window can be replaced by a filter (24mm diameter).

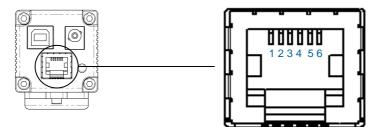


Carefully unscrew the black ring in front of the window and replace filter.

A3 Pinout of RJ11 Connector

PIN	description	
1	GND	
2	exposure	
3	busy	
4	not used	
5	exposure trigger	
6	+12V (alternative power supply)	

Pin Position

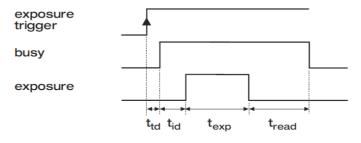


Timing & Signals

busy = TRUE: busy = FALSE: exposure = TRUE: camera is recording or sensor readout in progress external trigger is accepted exposure of image sensor

In [Auto Sequence] trigger mode the busy signal is always set to TRUE, while the exposure signal indicates the real exposure of the image sensor.

In [External Exp. Start] trigger mode the camera is ready to accept a new trigger signal on PIN #5 (exposure trigger) when the busy signal is set to FALSE. After a successful trigger event the busy signal stays TRUE until the exposure is finished and the image is completely read out.



A4 Image File Formats

There are different file formats available for saving camera images with Camware.

b16

The "b16" 16 bit format is similar to the bmp format. However, 16 bit pixel values are used instead of 8 bit pixel values. The 16 bit pixel values represent "unsigned integer values", where the camera (12 bit values) sets the higher 4 bits to zero.

The file format consists either of a "Basic Header" (6 Long-parameter) or of an "Extended Header" (32 Long-parameter), the latter of which is optionally for additional information. There might follow a variable comment field (ASCII code). Finally, there is the actual data set that is saved linearly (as in the case of BMP files).

With the exception of the first value, all parameters are "Long Integers" (4 Byte). The first 6 parameters must always exist. The rest of the parameters, as well as the comment field, are optional.

	Parameter	Function
1	"PCO-"	the first 4 byte are the characters "PCO-"
2	file size	file size in byte
3	header length	header size + comment filed in byte
4	image width	image width in pixel
5	image height	image height in pixel
6	extended header	-1 (true), extended header follows
7	color mode	0 = black/with camera, 1 = color camera
8	b/w min	black/white LUT-setting, minimum value
9	b/w max	black/white LUT-setting, maximum value
10	b/w linlog	black/white LUT-setting,
	-	0 = linear, 1 = logarithmic
11	red min	red LUT-setting, minimum value
12	red max	red LUT-setting, maximum value
13	green min	green LUT-setting, minimum value
14	green max	green LUT-setting, maximum value
15	blue min	blue LUT-setting, minimum value
16	blue max	blue LUT-setting, maximum value
17	color linlog	color LUT-setting, 0 = linear, 1 = logarithmic
18		
 266	internal use	
	nent file in ASCII chara	cters with variable length of 0XX.
		iled must be documented in the "header length" field.
	<u> </u>	16 bit pixel data
line 1, pixel 1		value of the first pixel
line 1, pixel 2		value of the second pixel

We recommend that all images should be saved first in the b16 or TIFF format. The advantage is to have the b16 or tiff images available all the time. You will always have the maximum 12 bit information. Please note that not all image analysis programs can accommodate 16 bit data. The 8 bit format saves only the information displayed on the monitor screen. The 12 bit information will be lost and cannot be displayed later.

TIFF

Tag Image File Format, version 6.0 and lower. There is a 16bit monochrome and color image format.

BMP

Windows Bitmap Format, b/w or color 8 bit format-images, which have been saved in BMP format can be loaded later only as 8 bit images, i.e. part of the original information (10bit, 12bit or 14bit) is lost.

FTS

Flexible Image Transport System, Version 3.1. There is a 16 bit image format. The NASA/Science Office of Standards and Technology (NOST) has defined this format. Some programs use the FIT extension for this format.

ASCII

16 bit format, some mathematical programs prefer ASCII data.

JPG

JPEG (named after the Joint Photographic Experts Group who created the standard) is a commonly used method of lossy compression for photographic images. The degree of compression can be adjusted, allowing a selectable tradeoff between storage size and image quality.

JP2

JPEG 2000 is a wavelet-based image compression standard and coding system. It was created by the Joint Photographic Experts Group committee in the year 2000 with the intention of superseding their original discrete cosine transform-based JPEG standard (created 1992).

AVI

Audio Video Interleave is a multimedia container format introduced by Microsoft in November 1992 as part of its Video for Windows technology.

MPG

MPEG-1, similar to JPEG, is a standard for lossy compression of video and audio developed by the Moving Picture Experts Group (MPEG).

WMV

Windows Media Video (WMV) is a compressed video compression format for several proprietary codecs developed by Microsoft. The original video format, known as WMV, was originally designed for Internet streaming applications, as a competitor to RealVideo.

A5 Service and Maintenance

Service

The camera is designed to operate with no need of special adjustments or periodic inspections.



Maintenance

Unplug the camera from any power supply before cleaning it.



Use a soft, dry cloth for cleaning the camera. Do not use liquid cleaners or sprays.

The lens is best cleaned with pressurized air or with liquid cleaners such as pure alcohol or with special optical cleaners that are available at high quality photo stores.

Never use aggressive cleaning liquids such as gasoline, acetone, spirits or nitro cleanser.

Every time the CCD window is cleaned, there is the possibility of surface damage. Do not clean the CCD window unless it is absolutely necessary. Be careful and avoid scratches and damage to the CCD window surface.

Use a cotton swab dipped in pure alcohol or optical cleaning liquid and wipe only on the glass surface. Do not get any cleaning liquid on the metallic parts such as the lens thread, because tiny detached particles may scratch the surface.

Always store the camera with the protective cap or with a lens mounted to avoid dust and dirt on the input window!



Camera Disposal

The camera includes electronic devices, which can contain materials harmful to the environment. If the camera is to be discarded, please dispose of it in an environmentally responsible manner and use recycling facilities, where available.

A6 Customer Service and Trouble Shooting

If you have a question, which is not adequately addressed in this manual, please contact PCO or your local dealer.

To speed your request, we need the following information:

- Short description of the problem
- Description of your application
- Camera settings
- Type and version of camera software being used
- Camera serial number
- Power supply serial number (pco.power)
- Operating system (PC)
- Processor type (PC)
- Memory
- Graphic card
- Graphic card setup

Please use the email options under the Help menu (see 7.8),

camware	OK
use this software to co available versions of S DICAMPro, PixelFly and pco.camera. (c)1998-2010 pco AG	
Support (Mail only); Support (Mail with support files); Support (Support files only); Visit our homepage;	support@pcc.de support@pcc.de Create support files only http://www.pcc.de
Unauthorized reproduction of this p	by copyright law and international treaties, logram, or any portion of it, may result in and will be prosecuted to the maximum

or go to our website: http://www.pco.de/support-request/

Before sending the camera for repair, first contact your local dealer or PCO respectively.



When shipping the camera for repair, be certain to carefully pack the camera with proper shipping materials. If possible use the original packaging. Use the protection cap to protect the camera on the lens thread.

A7 Firmware Update

Please contact our support team for further information and assistance!

mailto:support@pco.de

http://www.pco.de/support-request/



A8 Digital Camera Tools CD-ROM

You find all necessary and some additional software and drivers on the accompanying CD. For the pco.pixelfly usb models please select "pco.camera".



For the latest versions please check our website:

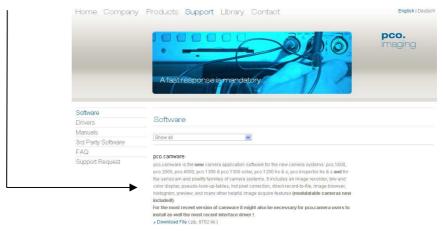


Image Converter

Use the PCO file converter to

- convert 16 bit tif and b16 images to various formats
- display file information
- show thumbnail images



x n View

Third Party Image Viewer for PCO b16 images

We recommend the free XnView (www.xnview.com), an efficient multimedia viewer, browser and converter. Please enable "all formats".

maxim izethe moment

PCO AG was founded in 1987. The company headquarters in Kelheim employs more than 50 specialists in the development and production of optimized, fast, sensitive camera systems for scientific applications. PCO's range of products includes digital camera systems featuring high dynamics, extremely high sensitivity, high resolution, high speed, and extremely low noise, which are sold in industrial and scientific markets all over the world.

Cameras for every point of view.

The systems produced by PCO AG are cameras and scientific measuring instruments at the same time. Our high-tech systems are mostly the result of manual labor: over 50 highly specialized employees handle development and production at the Kelheim site. We deliver roughly 4.000 cameras a year to customers all over the world. As in every cutting edge technology, dialogue with the user is the main focus of PCO's approach. Worldwide representatives, in cooperation with the in-house marketing division and technical support team, ensure that PCO camera systems are developed in step with the individual requirements of our customers.

