



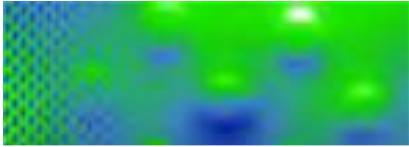
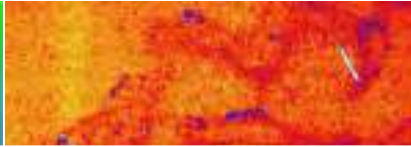

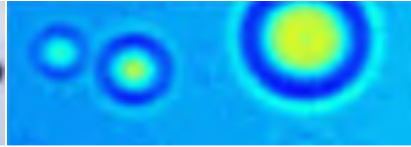
Microprobe-enabled Terahertz sensing applications

World of Photonics, Laser 2015, Munich

*Protemics GmbH
Aachen, Germany*

Terahertz microprobing technology:

Taking advantage of Terahertz range benefits without being compromised by wavelength-based resolution limitations.

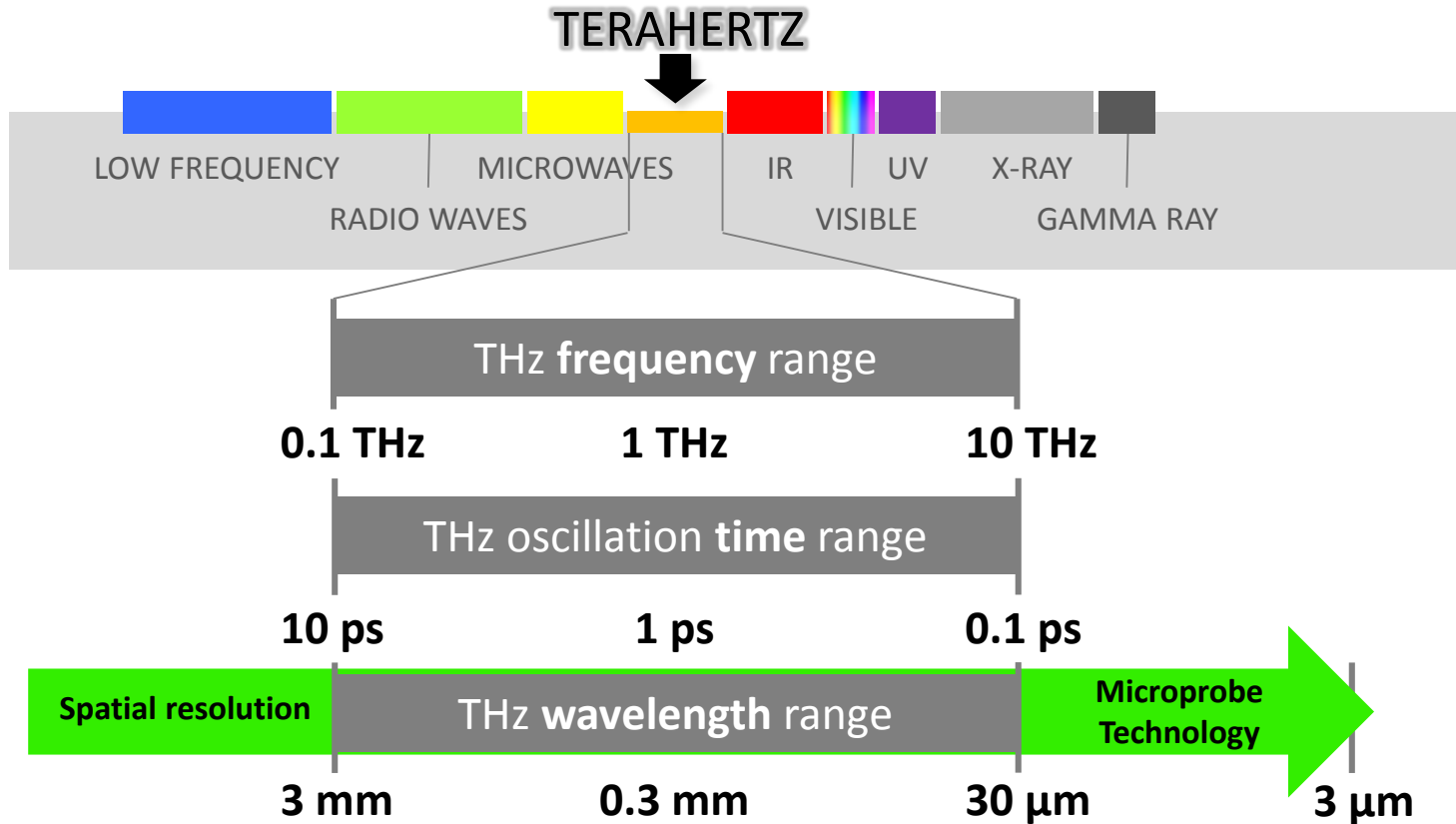
			
Terahertz Research	Thin-film Analysis	Chip-Testing	Volume Screening
Application areas: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Metamaterials• Plasmonics• Devices• Waveguides• Sensor surfaces• Graphene	Application areas: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Solar cells• Displays• Flexible electronics• Doping layers• Graphene• Transparent conductors	Application areas: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Time-domain reflectometry• Fault isolation• Packaging level inspection• 3D integration• Through silicon via (TSV)	Application areas: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Plastic weld inspection• Fiber inforced polymers• Chip underfill inspection• Organic layer screening
Benefits: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Near-field access• High-sensitivity• Low-invasiveness• Polarisation sensitive• Broadband	Benefits: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Sheet resistance imaging• Contactless• Micron-scale resolution• Large-area scanning• High-speed scanning	Benefits: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Market leading TDR resolution• Contactless• Non-destructive• Cost advantage	Benefits: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Non-destructive• Fast inspection• Screening of opaque plastics• Detection of microdefects

Outline



- [Introduction](#)
 - Mismatch between THz radiation wavelengths and micro/nanostructure size
- [THz microprobes](#)
 - Working principle
- [Thin-film analysis with sub-wavelength resolution on large areas](#)
 - Thin-film conductors (Metals, Graphene, Semiconductors, ITO and ITO-replacement materials)
- [THz Metamaterials](#)
 - THz-Metamaterials, Metamaterial-based sensing
- [Plastic laser weld inspection](#)
 - Near-field detection of micro-defects
- [THz device analysis](#)
 - THz on-chip device characterization
 - Failure localization in chip packages

Introduction



Introduction



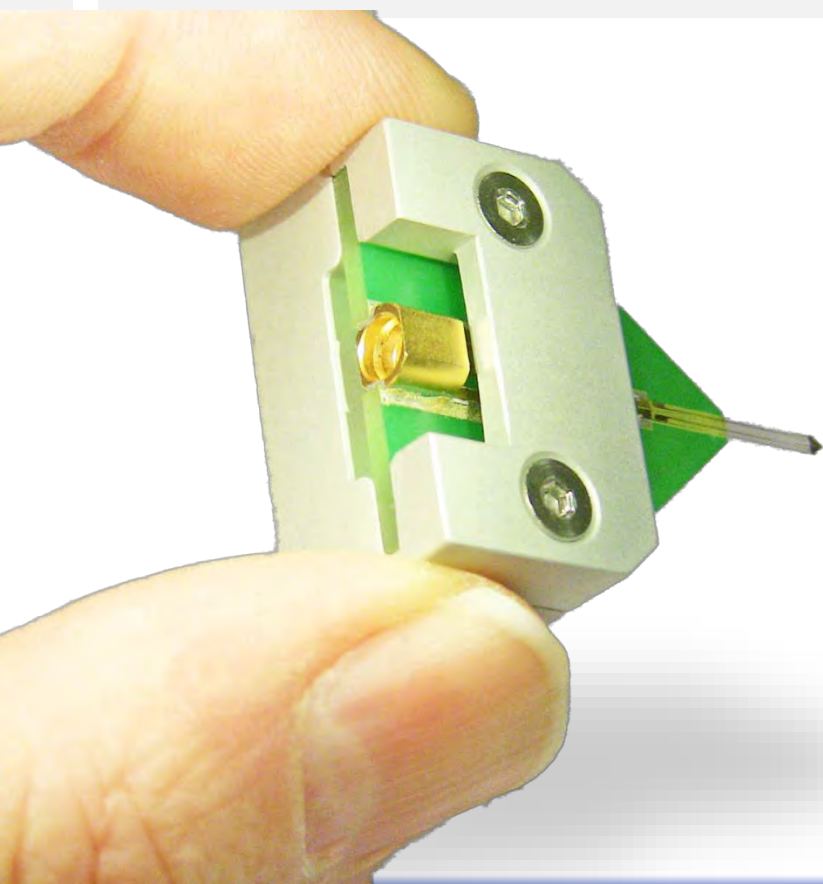
Large THz wavelengths are problematic:

- When structures under test are too small (similar to λ or even smaller)
 - Lateral Micro/Nanostructures (Solar cells, electronic structures, micro defects, ...)
 - Only minute (pI) sample volumes available (-> biosensing)
- On signal transfer to or from THz field confining structures
 - Waveguides
 - Integrated devices

Solution:

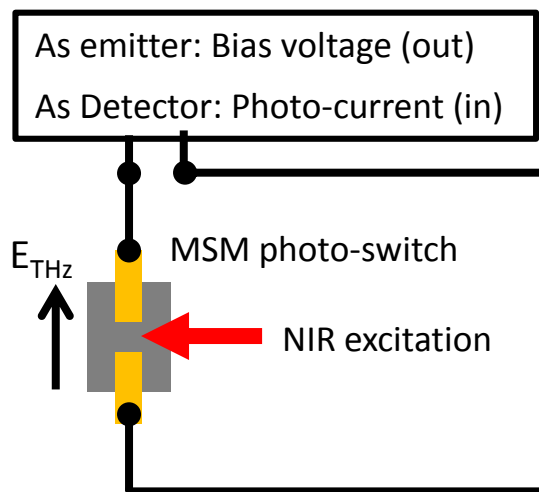
- Make THz emitter and/or detector smaller than the wavelength
- Bring the miniaturized emitter/detector in sub-wavelength distance to structure under test

THz micro-emitters/detectors

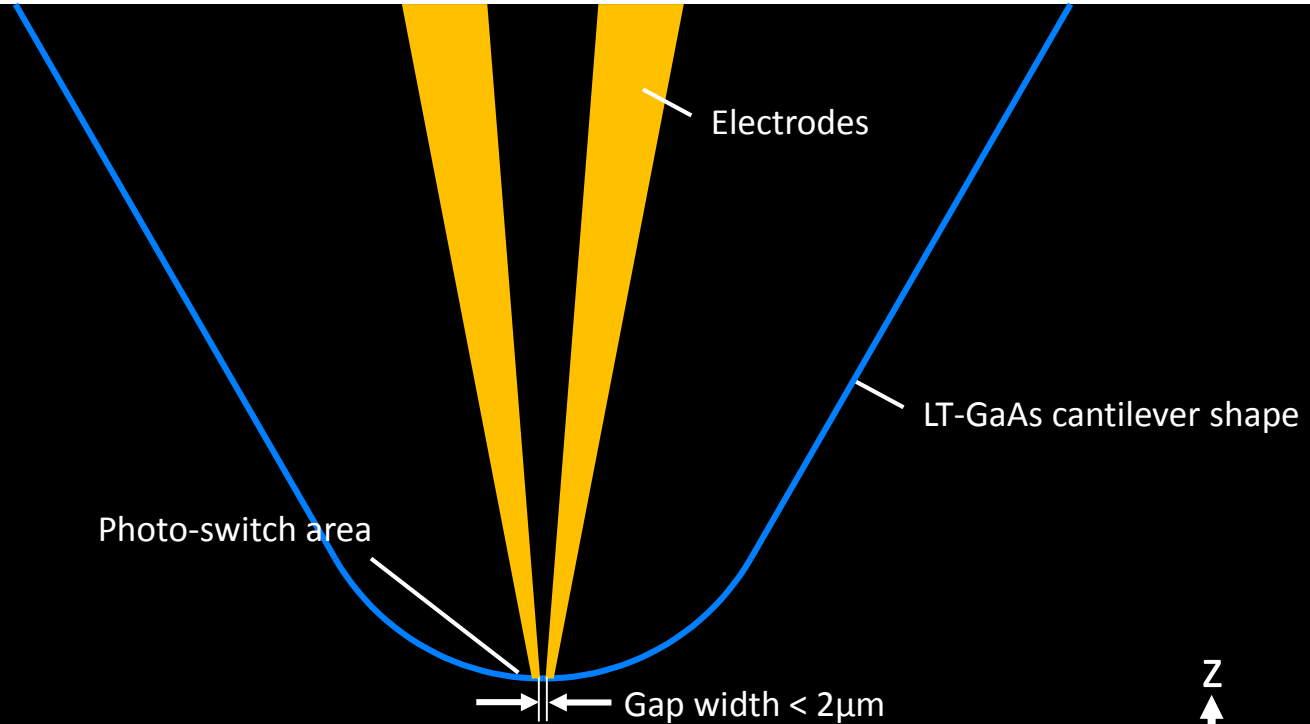


Active
microstructure

Cantilever thickness = 1 μm



Application specific designs



Application specific designs

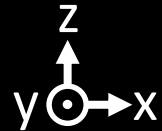


Photo-switch area

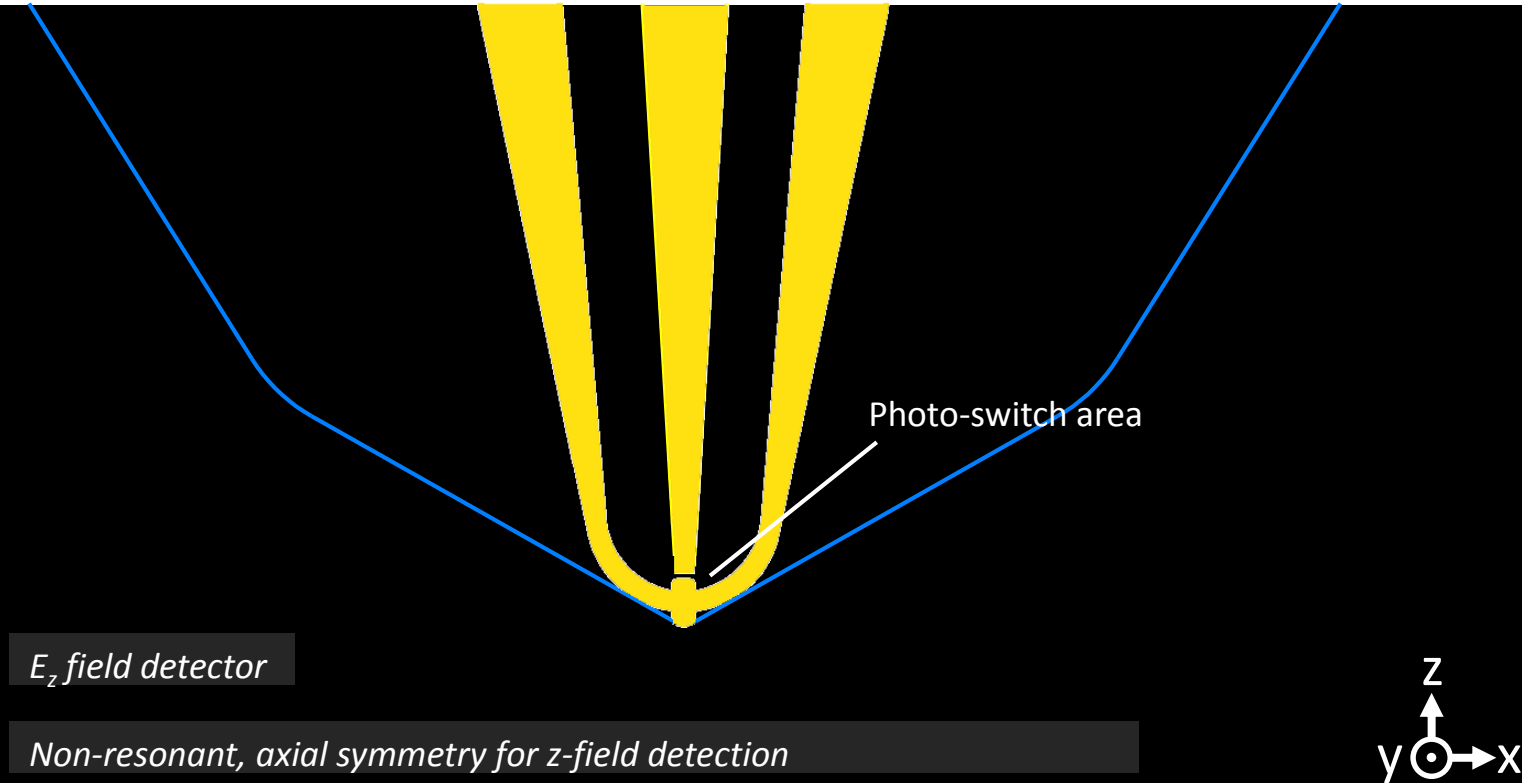
Dipole Antenna

E_x field detector

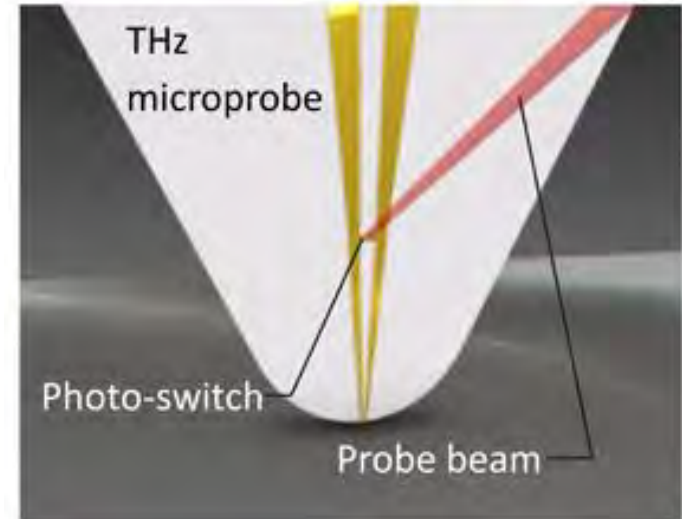
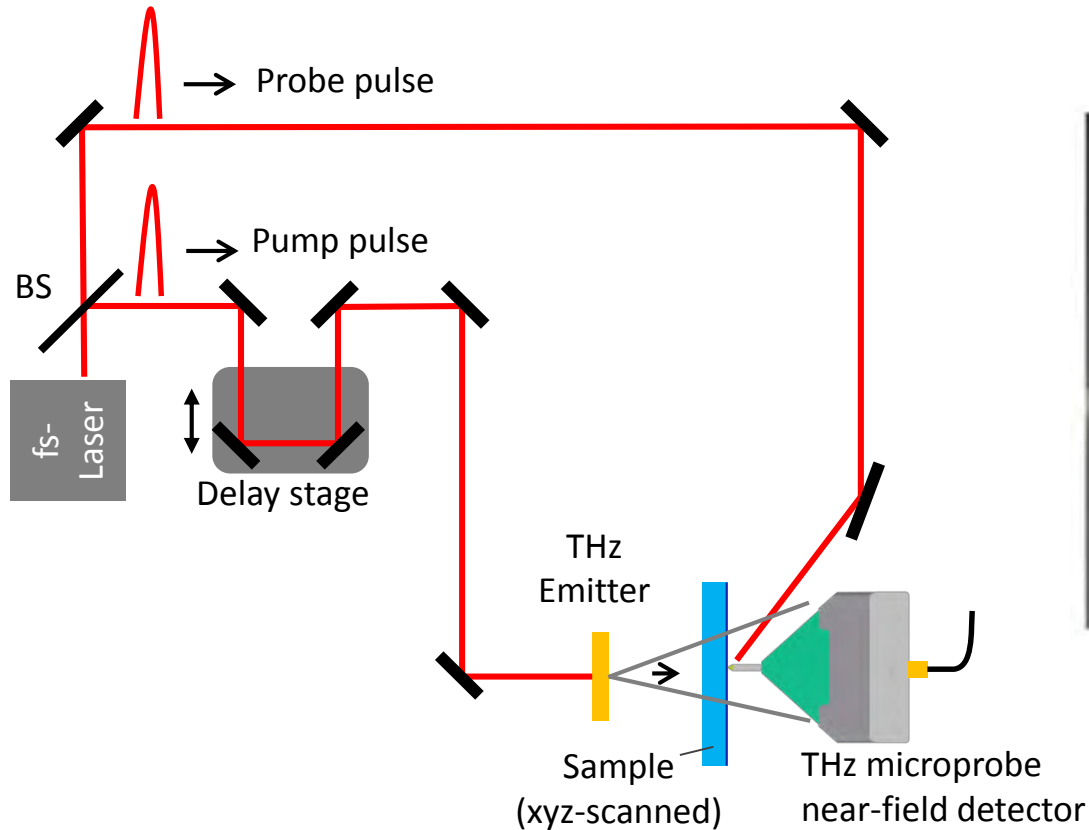
Resonant: Lower-spatial resolution, increased sensitivity at resonance



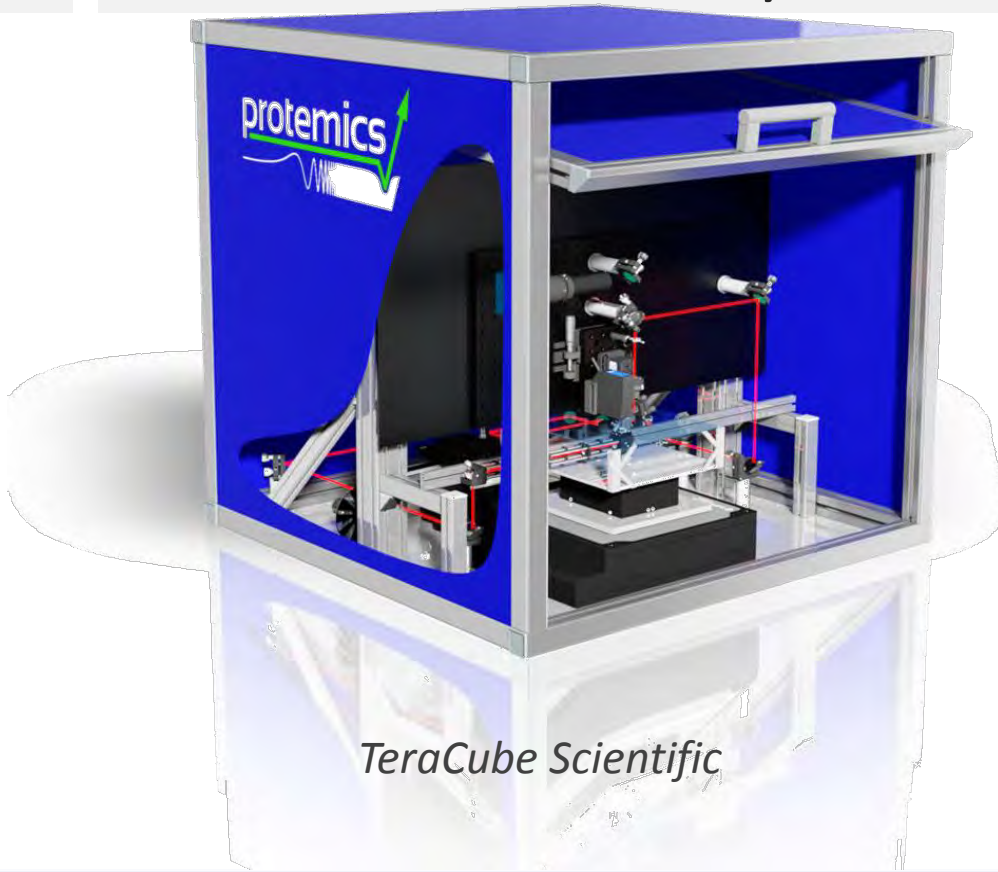
Application specific designs



TD near-field sampling



TD near-field system

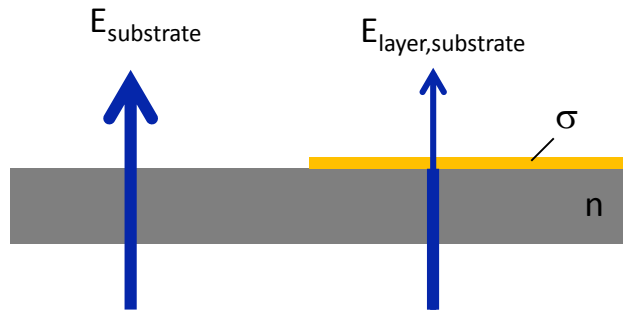


- **Automated table-top system**

- 90x90x90 cm box including:
 - Laser
 - Scanning components
 - Opto-mechanics
 - Optics
 - Electronics
- External components
 - PC
 - Supply unit

Thin-film conductors

- **Surface analysis with sub-wavelength resolution on large areas**
 - Sheet resistance imaging of thin-film conductors such as
 - [Metals](#)
 - [Graphene](#)
 - [Doped semiconductors](#)
 - [Optically transparent conductors: ITO and ITO-replacement materials](#)



Tinkham Formula:

$$\frac{E_{\text{layer,substrate}}(\omega)}{E_{\text{substrate}}(\omega)} = \frac{1 + n}{1 + n + Z_0 \sigma(\omega) d}$$

Accessible sheet resistance range: 0.1 – 10000 Ohm

Thin-film conductors



Short-comings of state-of-the-art sheet-resistance measurement tools

Contact-based four-point probe measurements are problematic:

- On **large-bandgap** semiconductors (e.g. GaN or SiC)
 - > Imprecise measurements because of nonlinear contacts
- On **passivated** samples (e.g. Solar cells)
 - > No contact
- On **nanostructures** (e.g. metal mesh nanostructures)
 - > Requires formation of additional contact pads
- If measurement **time** matters
 - > Extremely time-consuming (5s/measurement point)
- If non-**destructiveness** matters
 - > Puncturing from contact needles

Thin-film conductors

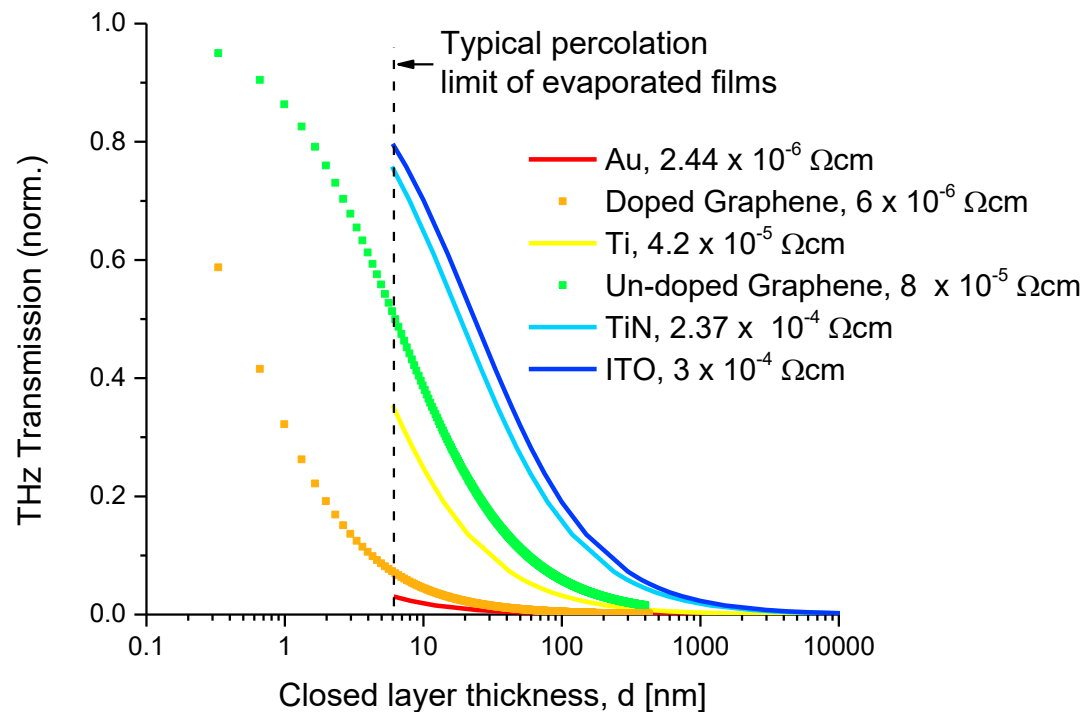


Short-comings of the state-of-the-art sheet-resistance measurement tools

Non-contact Eddy current measurements:

- Spatial resolution is limited to 1 cm for **quantitative** measurements
- Spatial resolution is limited to 2 mm for **qualitative** measurements.

Thin-film conductors

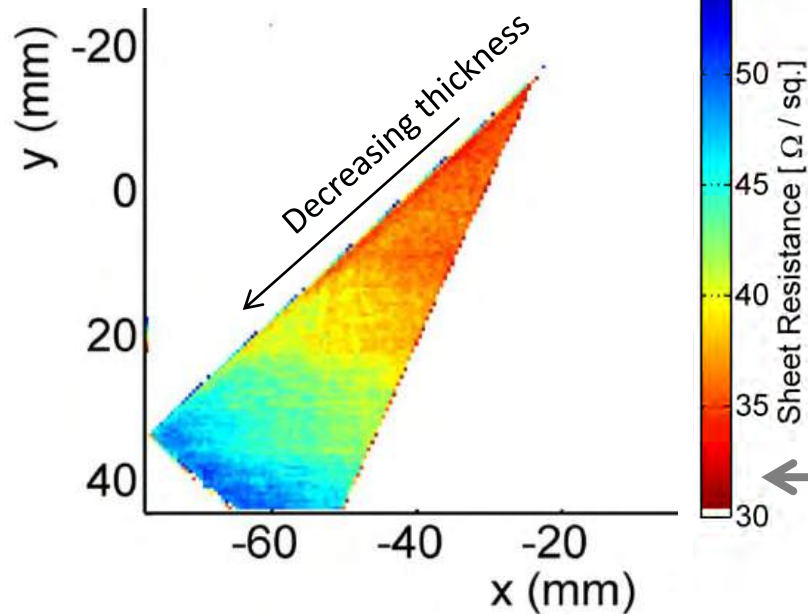


Substrate:
Silicon

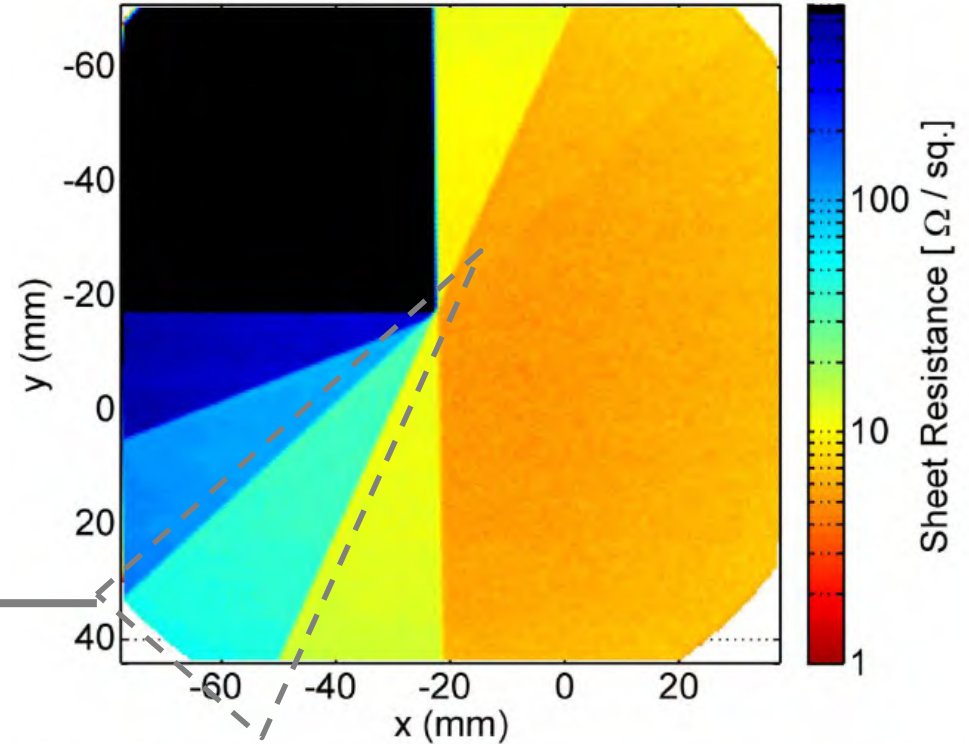
Thin-film conductors



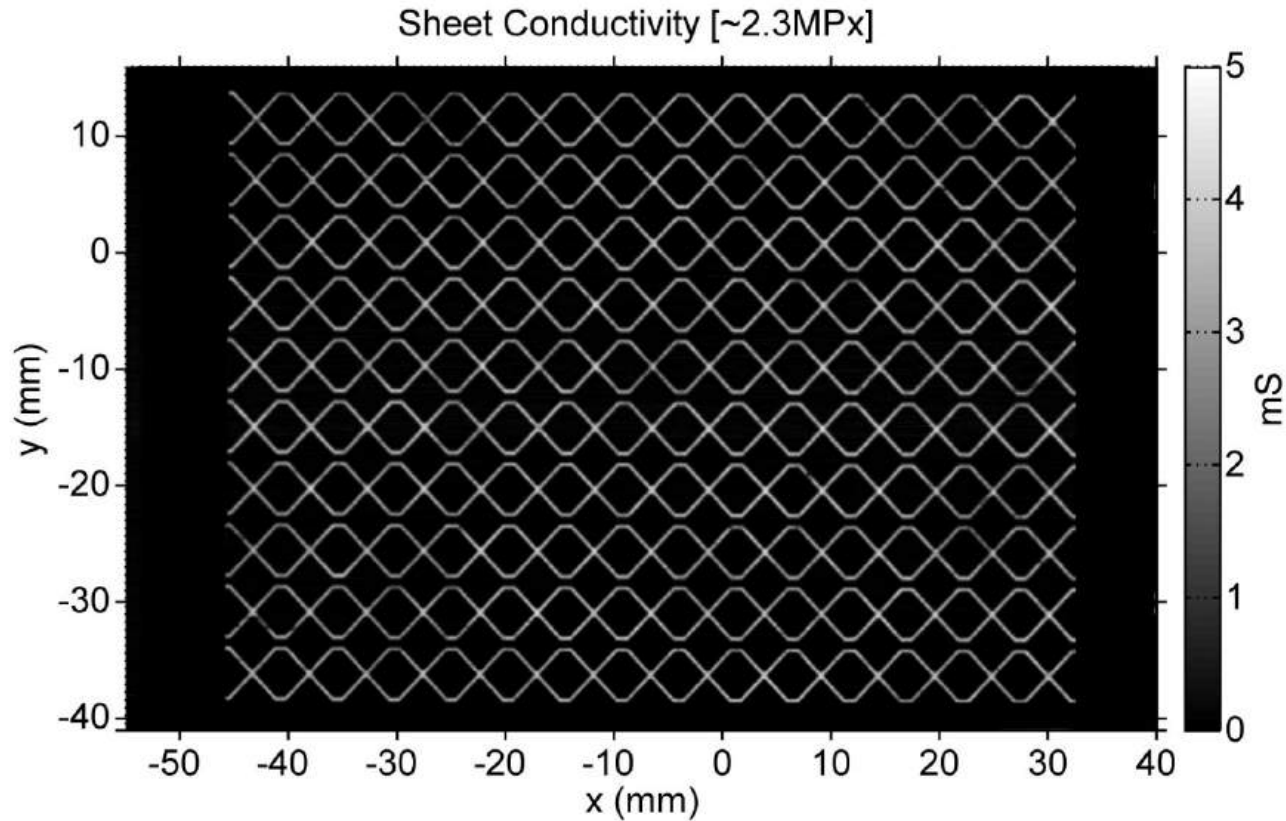
Example: Sputtered metal layers with varying thickness on glass



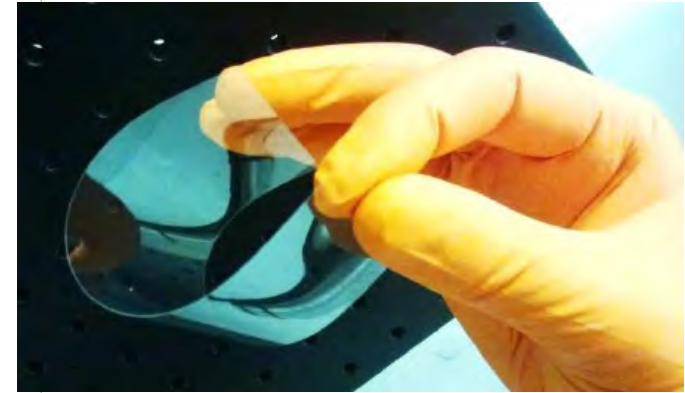
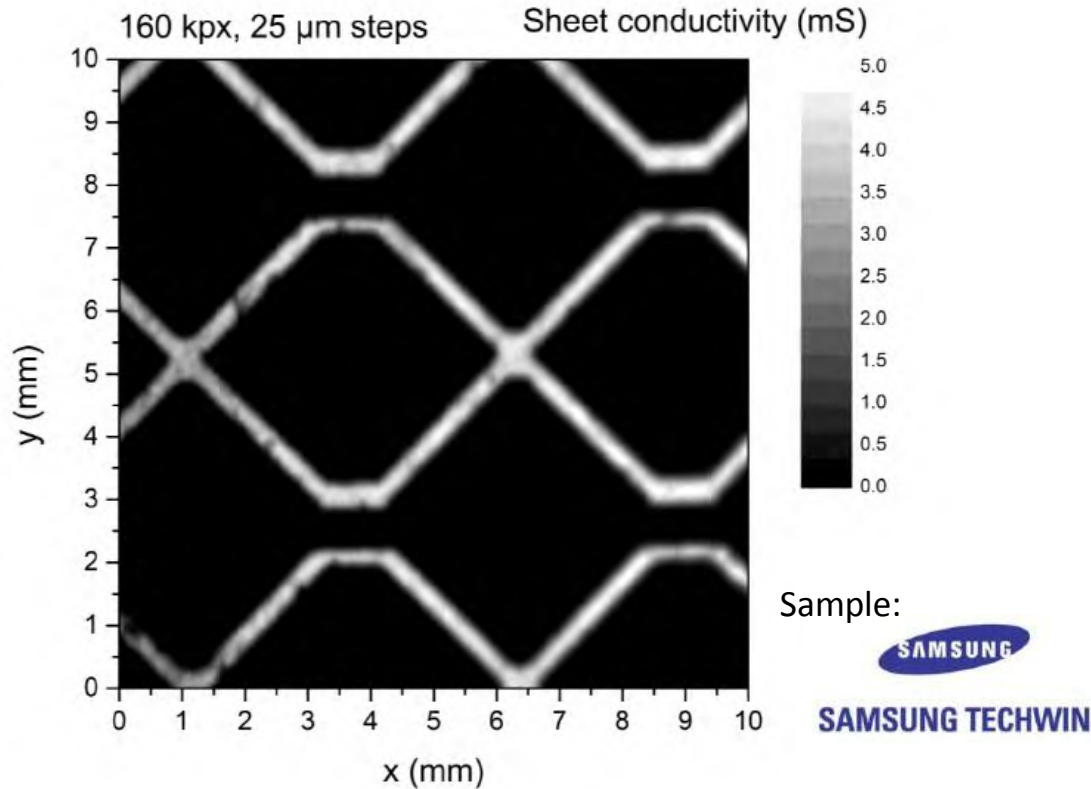
Measured with THz microprobe



Thin-film conductors: Graphene



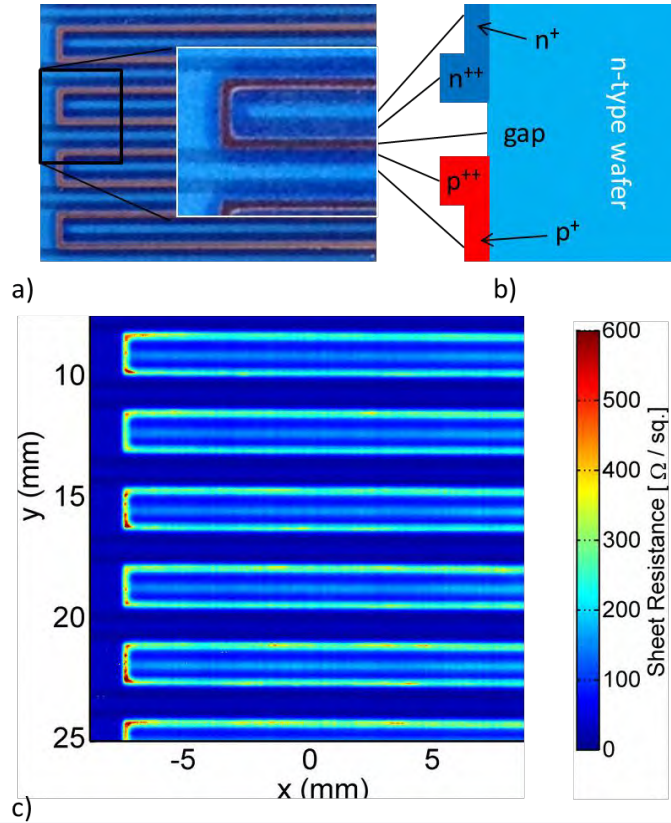
Thin-film conductors: Graphene



- Graphene pattern on PET foil
- Flexible display application

High-speed contactless raster scanning on **bended** surfaces

Thin-film conductors: Doped mc-Si



- IBC solar cell structure
- Laser-based material ablation process
- Sheet resistance image reveals areas of process induced inhomogeneity
- Applicable on full cell area and textured surfaces

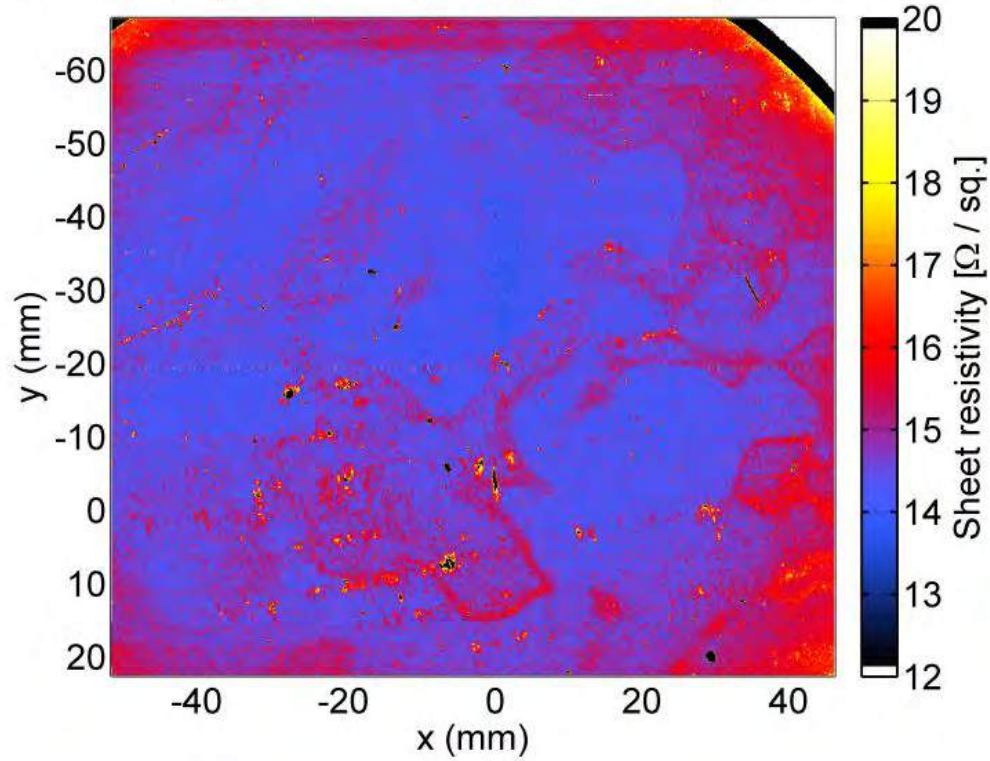
In collaboration with:



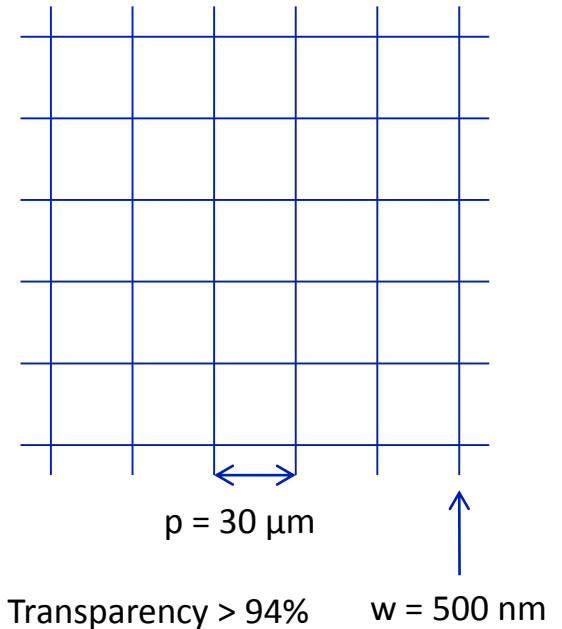
Thin-film conductors: ITO-replacements



Rolith TMEsample2 7/13 measured with TeraSpike-800-X-HRS



Al nanowire mesh on glass



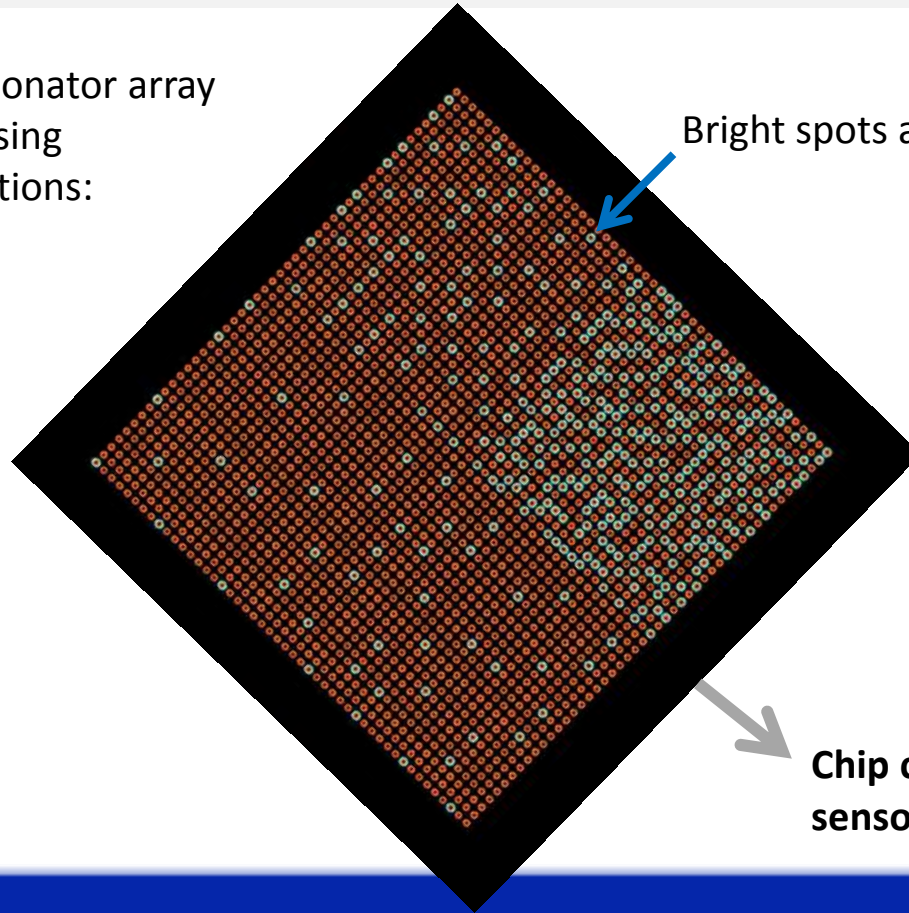
Sample:



Metamaterials for sensing



Ringresonator array
for sensing
applications:

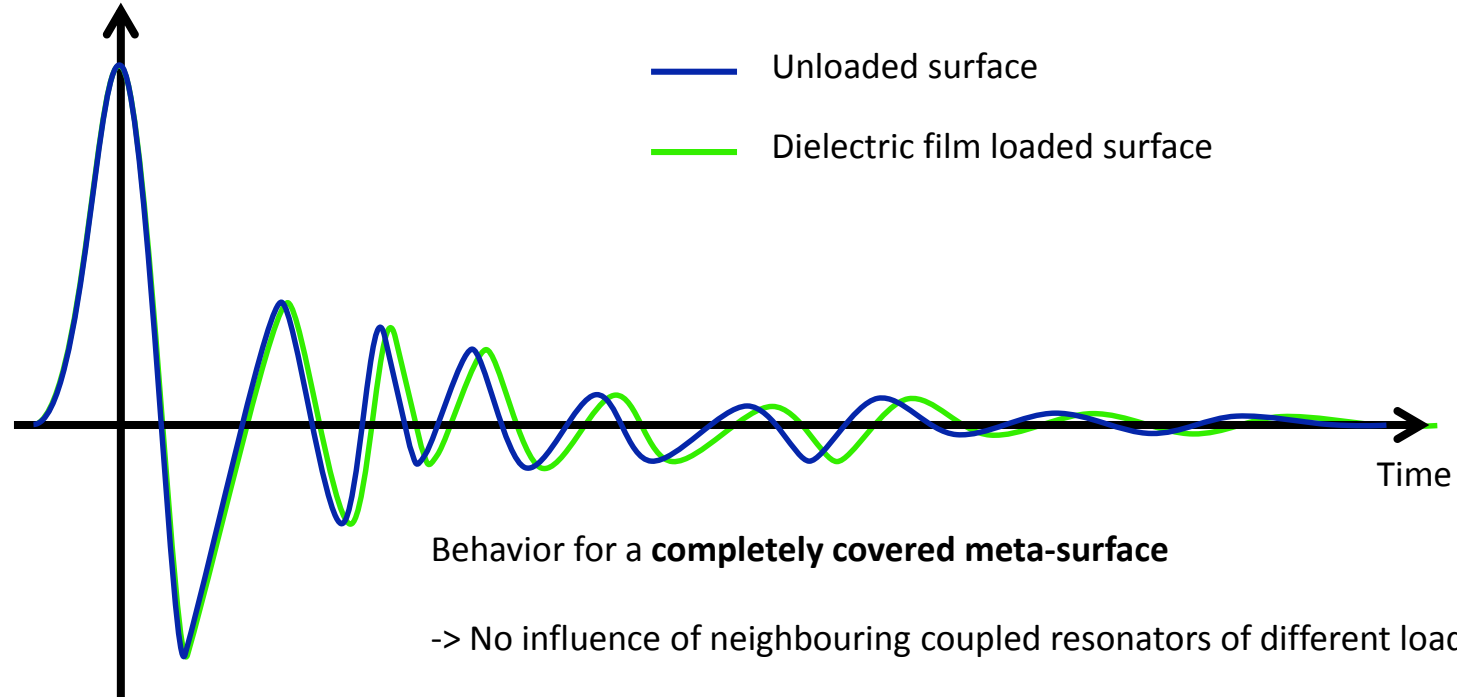


Bright spots are dielectrically loaded

Chip contains 2304
sensor spots

Metamaterials for sensing

THz Amplitude

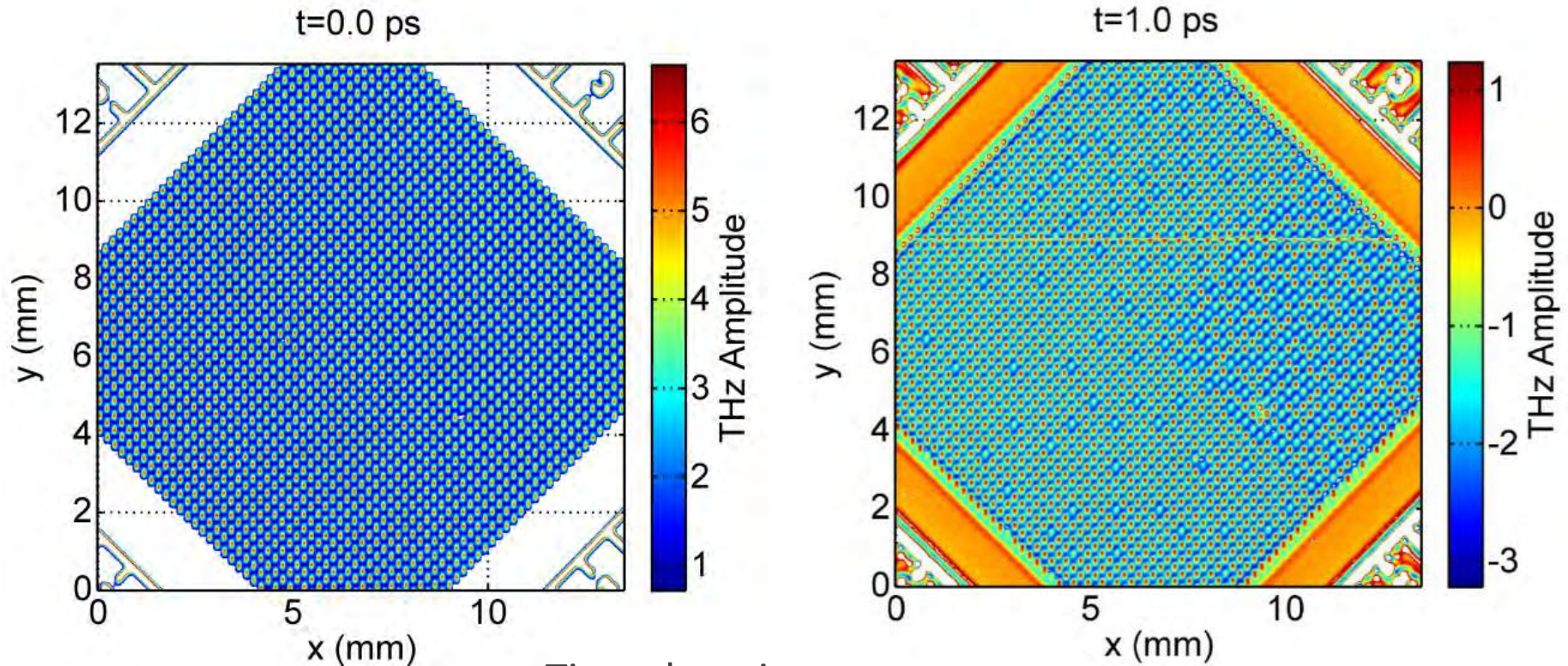


Behavior for a **completely covered meta-surface**

-> No influence of neighbouring coupled resonators of different loading state.

What about single element loading?

Metamaterials for sensing

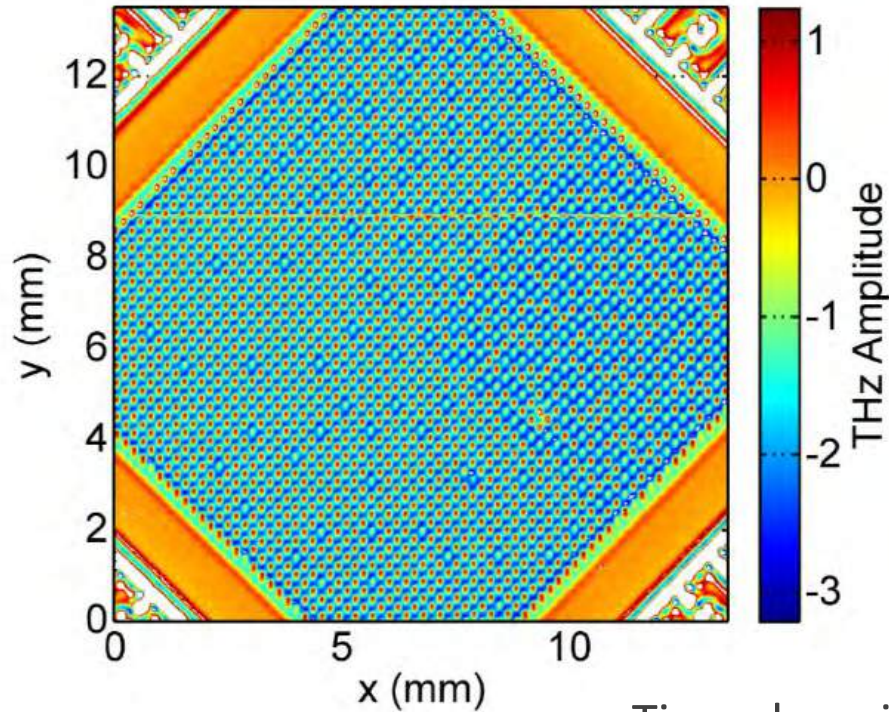


Time-domain measurements

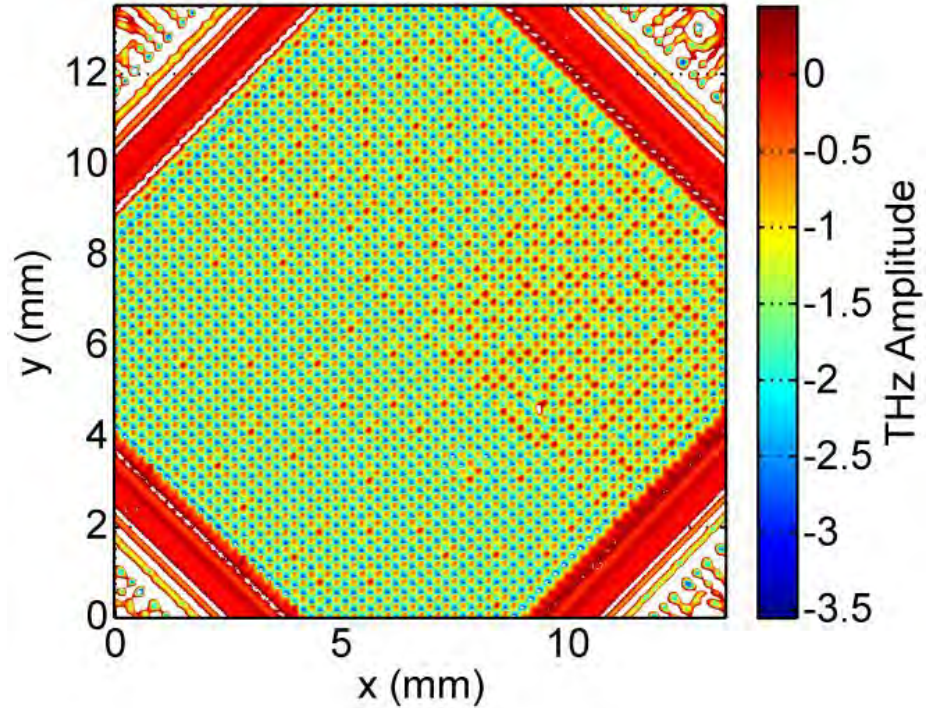
Metamaterials for sensing



$t=1.0$ ps

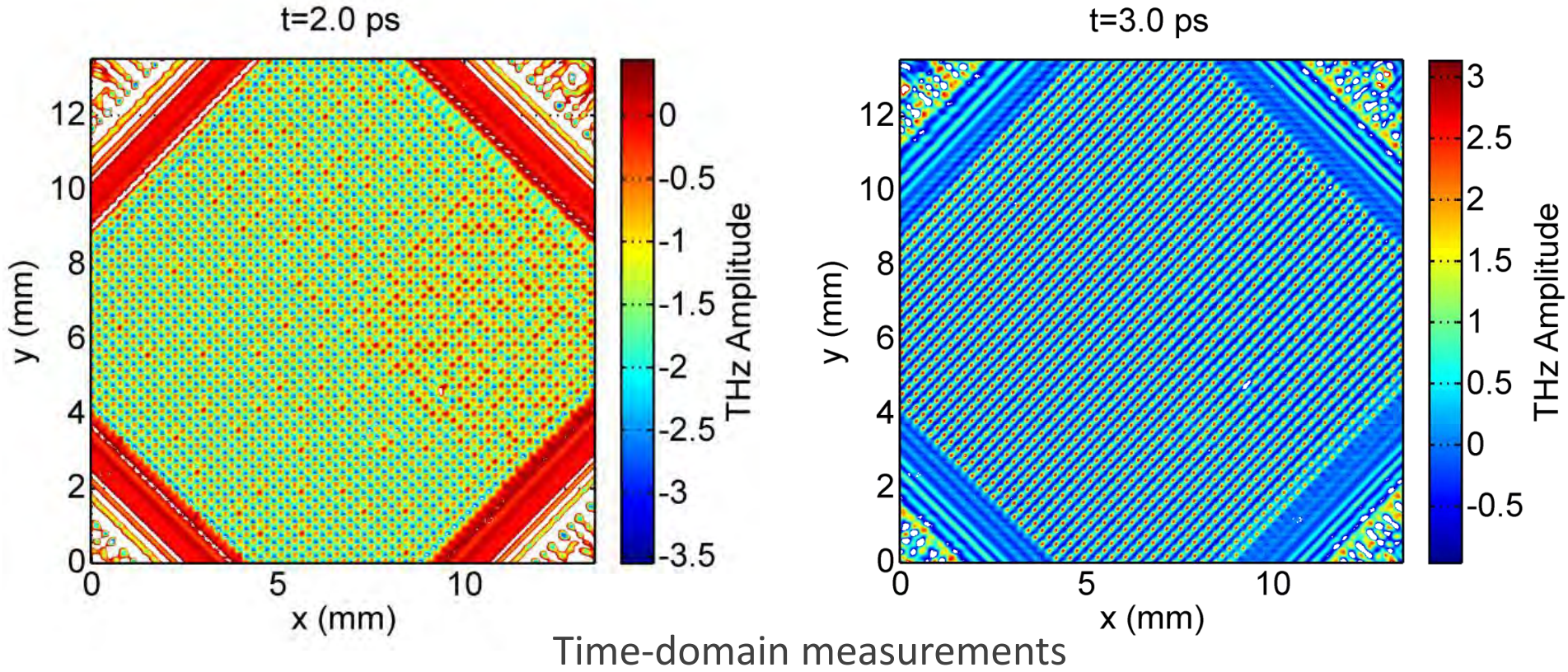


$t=2.0$ ps



Time-domain measurements

Metamaterials for sensing

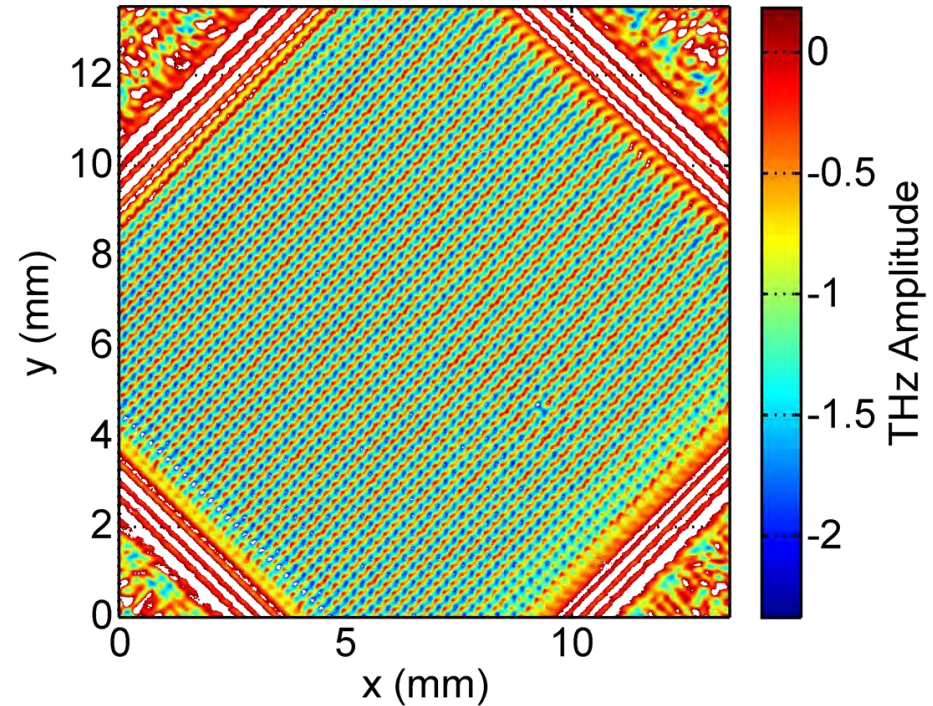
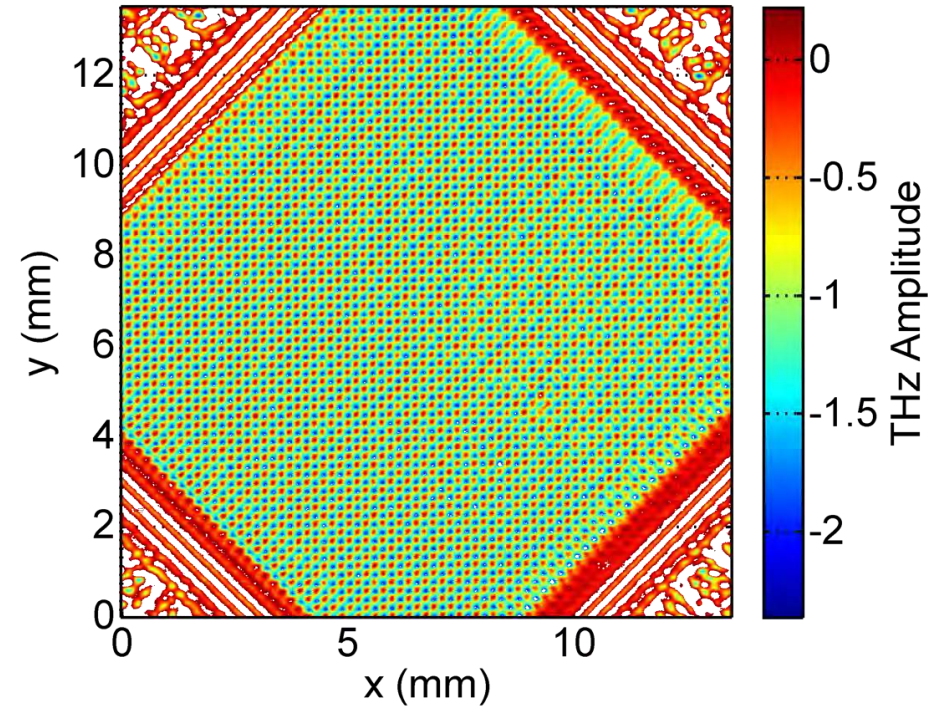


Metamaterials for sensing



$t=4.0$ ps

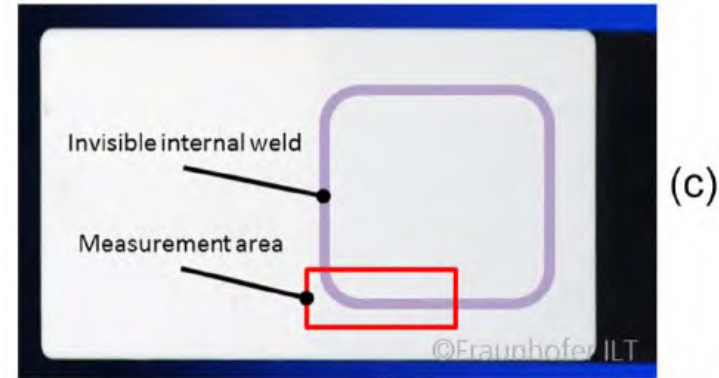
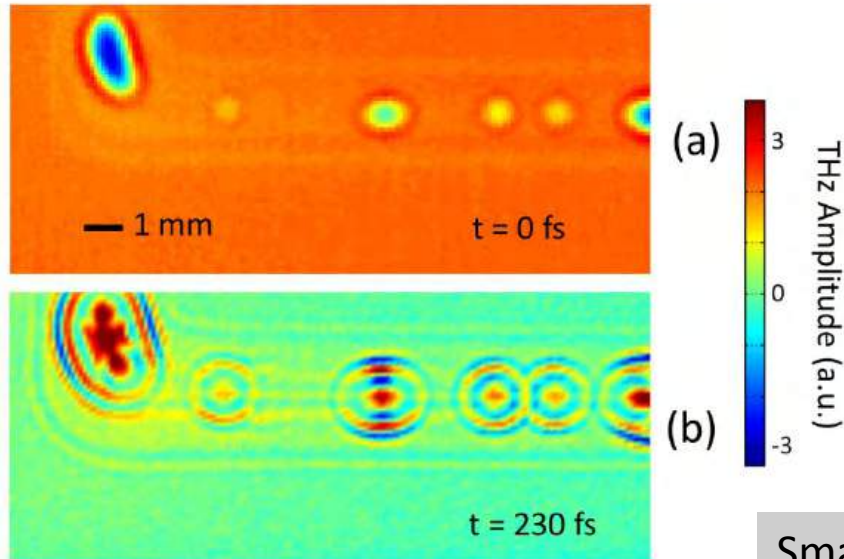
$t=5.0$ ps



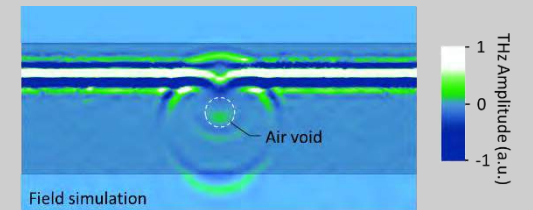
Time-domain measurements

Laser plastic weld inspection

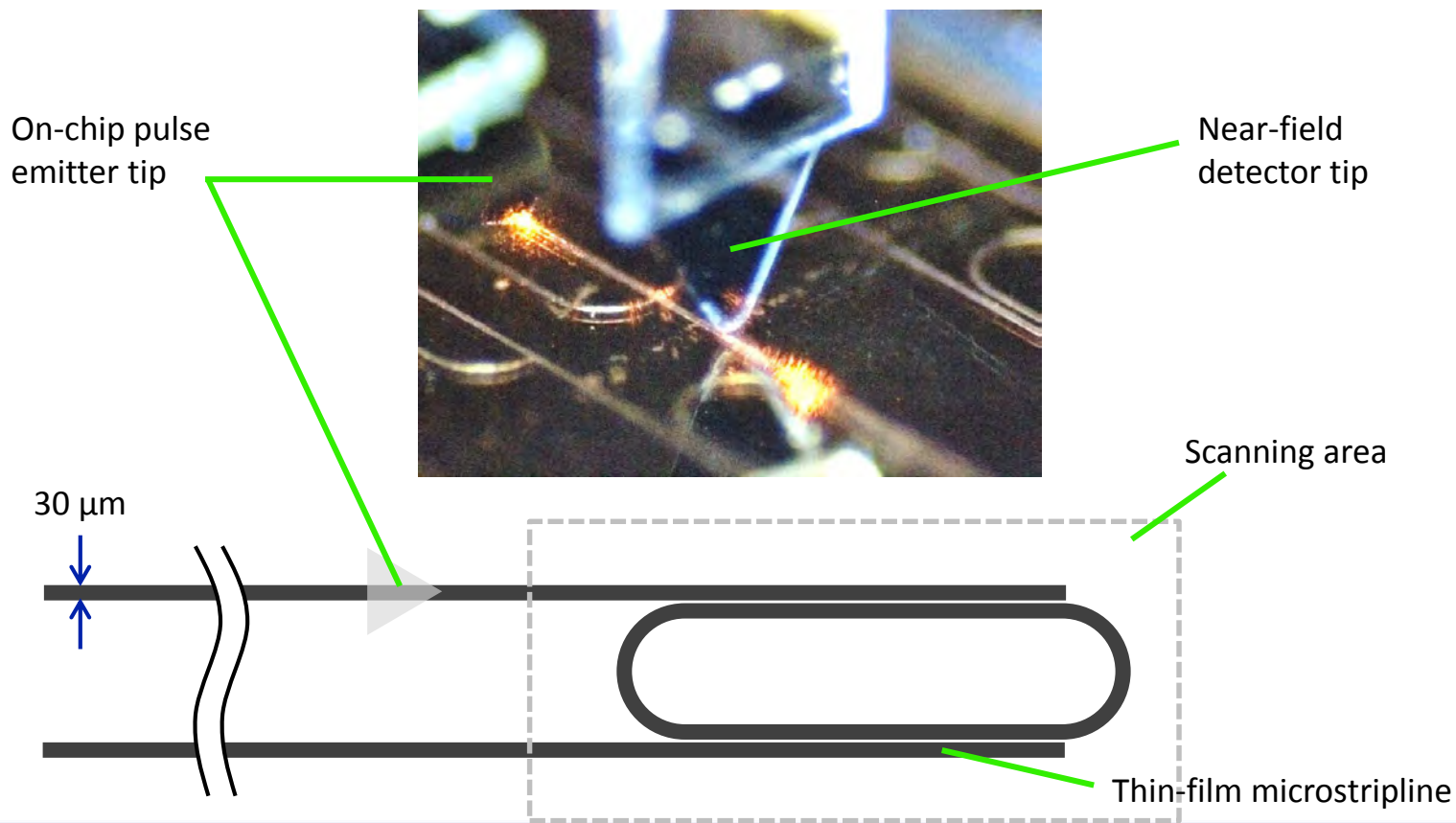
THz microprobe measurement data



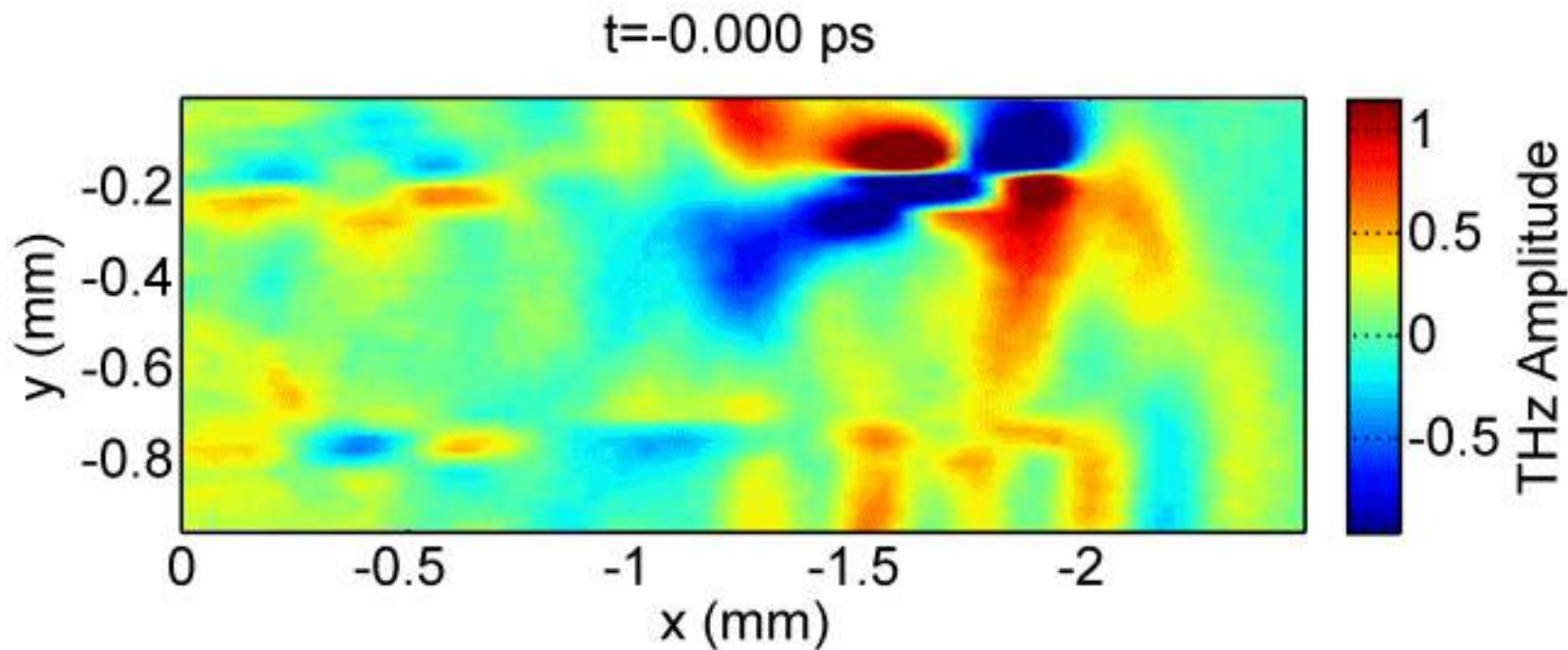
Small objects become visible by scattering light in the near-field:



THz on-chip analysis

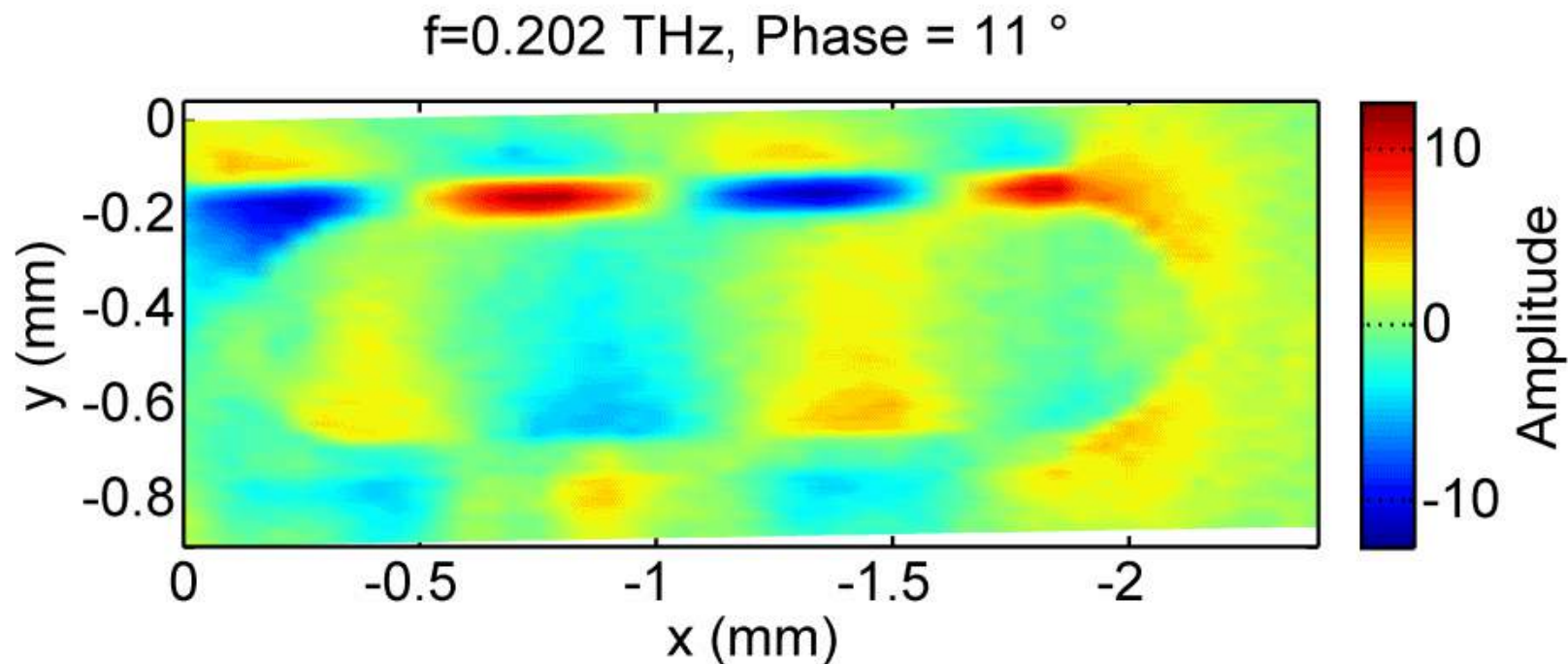


THz on-chip analysis



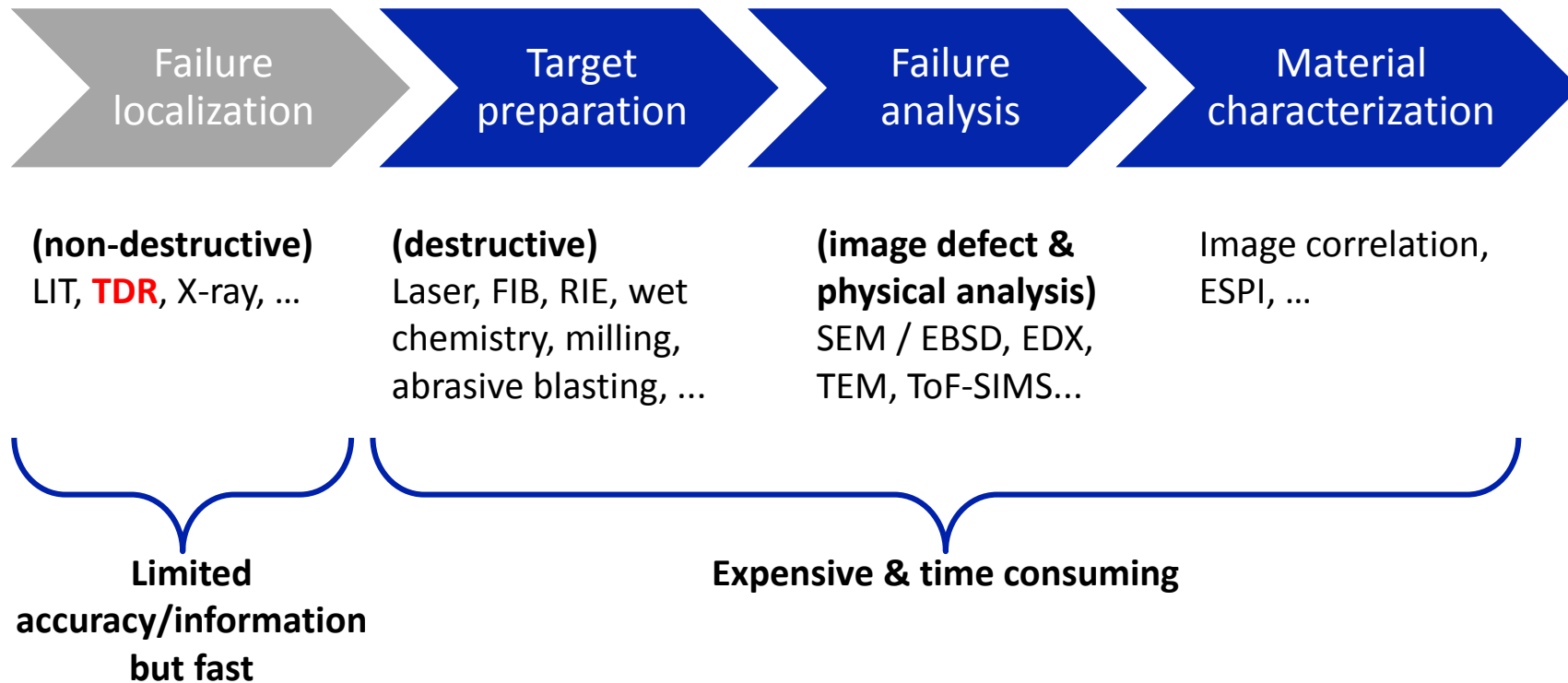
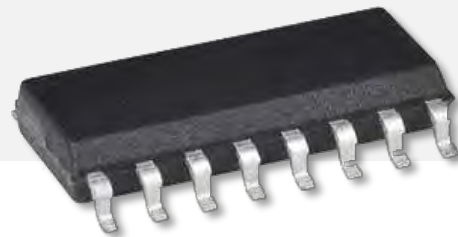
Time-domain measurement

THz on-chip analysis



Frequency-domain measurement data extraction

Failure localization

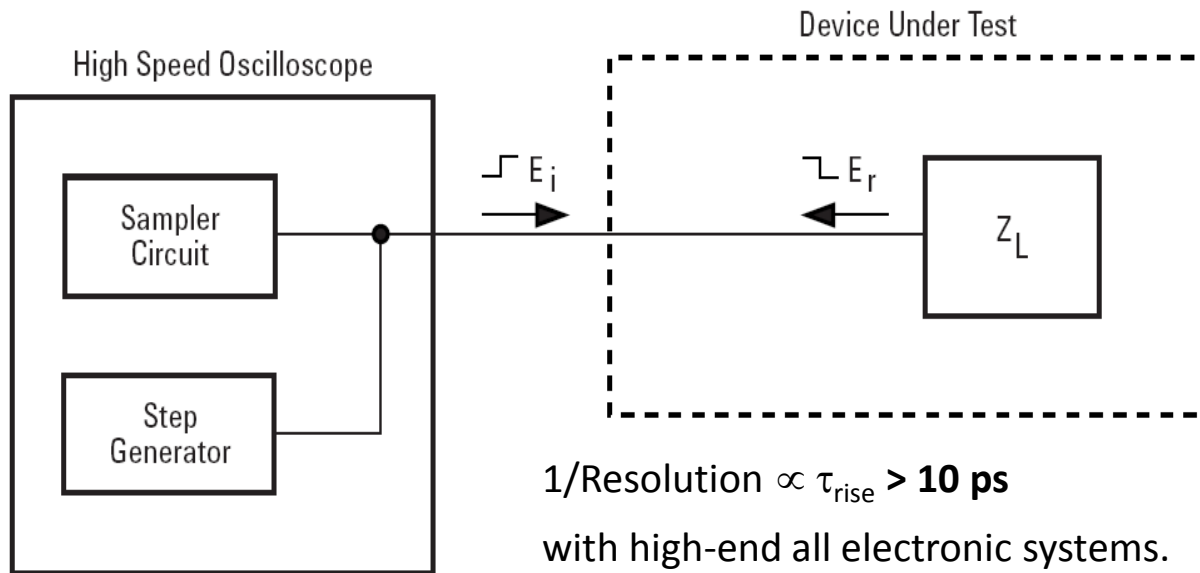


Failure localization



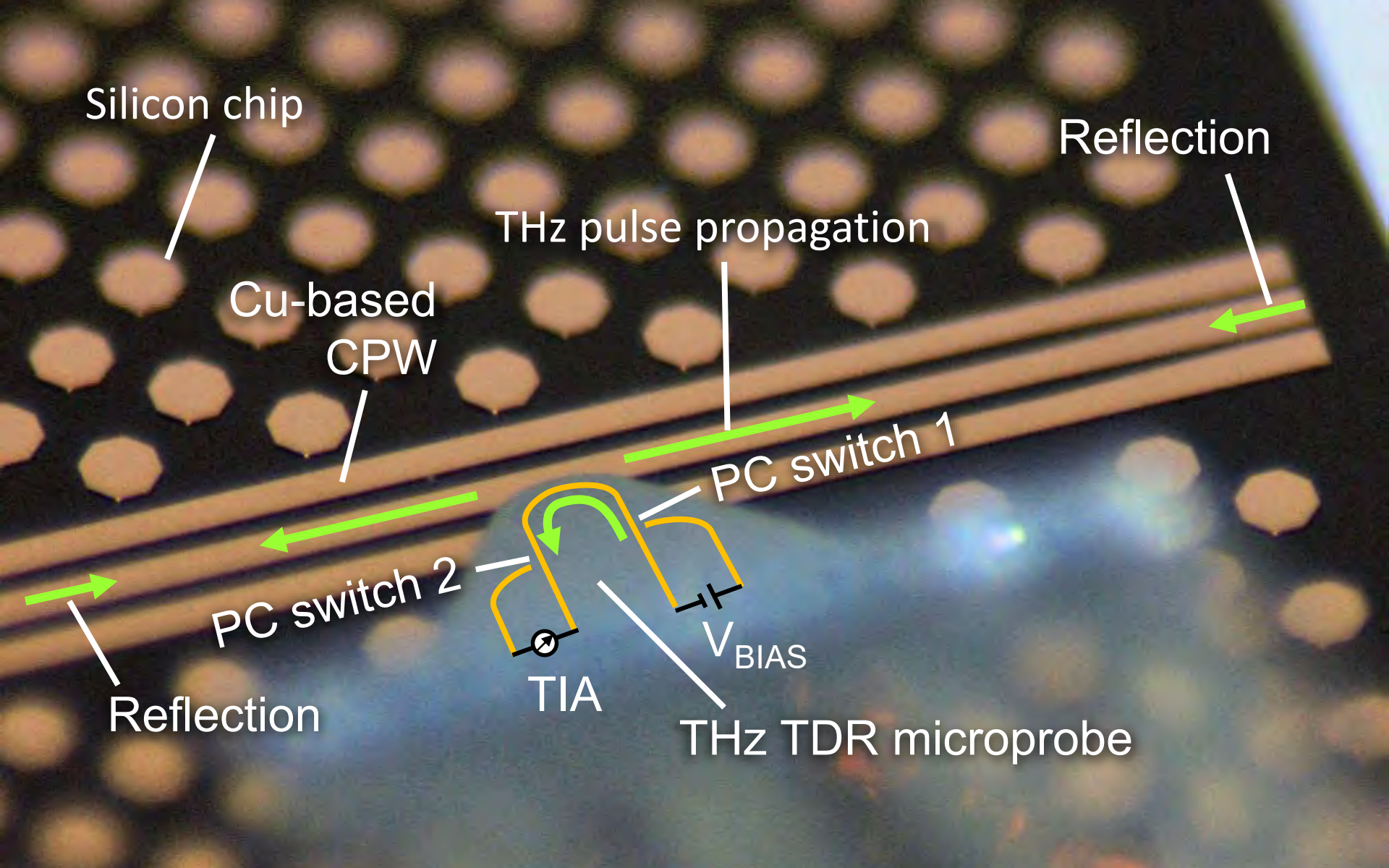
Hewlett-Packard Journal,
“Time domain reflectometry”
June 1969, Vol. 20, No. 10

TDR principle scheme:



$1/\text{Resolution} \propto \tau_{\text{rise}} > 10 \text{ ps}$
with high-end all electronic systems.

Our Terahertz microprobes achieve up to sub-1 ps rise-times!



Silicon chip

Reflection

THz pulse propagation

Cu-based
CPW

PC switch 1

PC switch 2

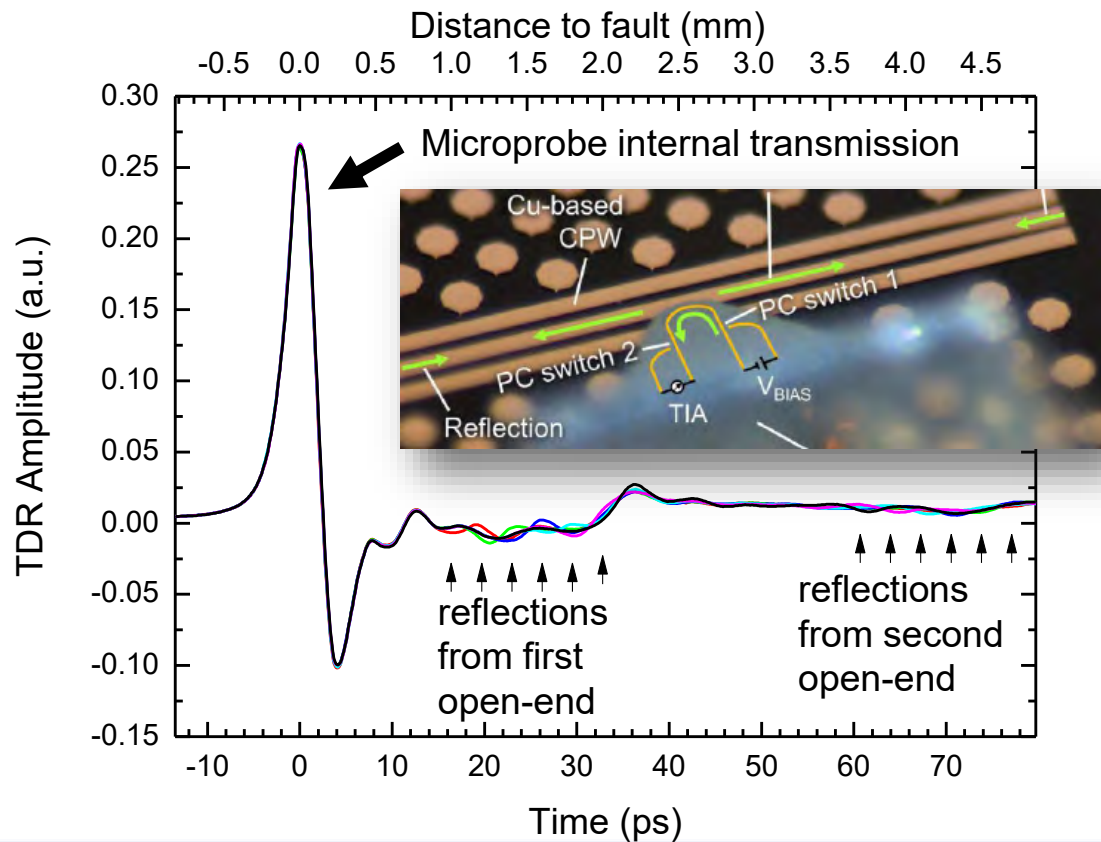
Reflection

TIA

V_{BIAS}

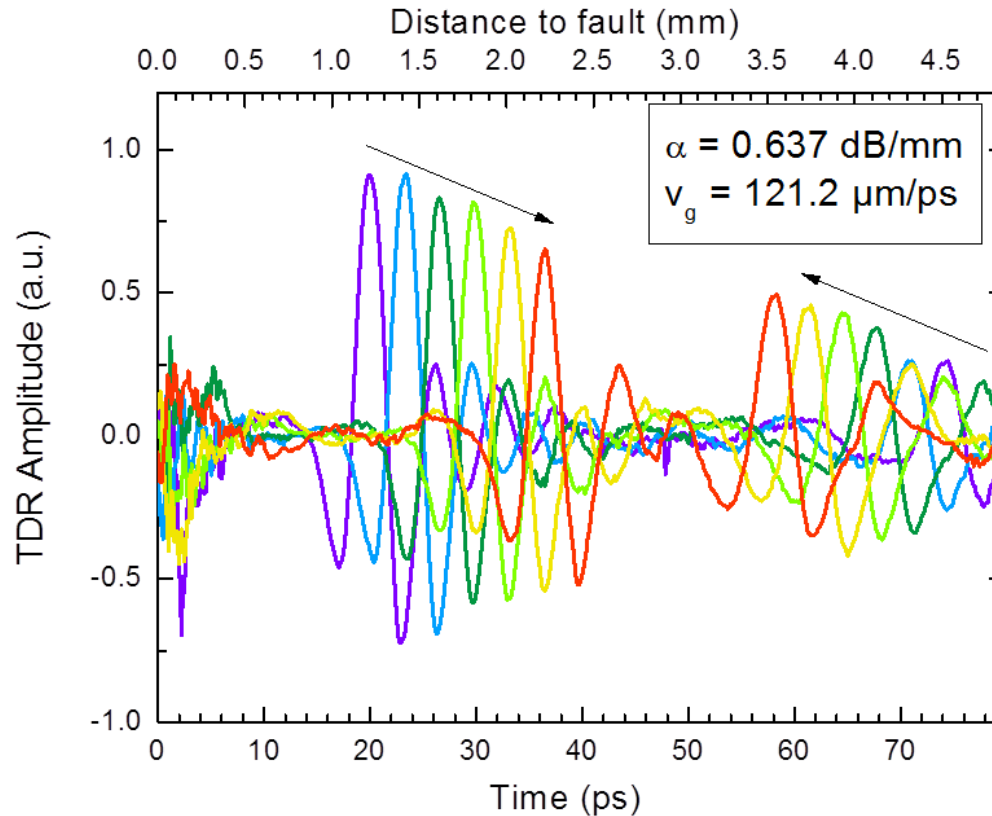
THz TDR microprobe

Failure localization



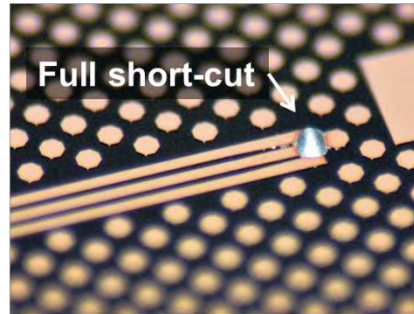
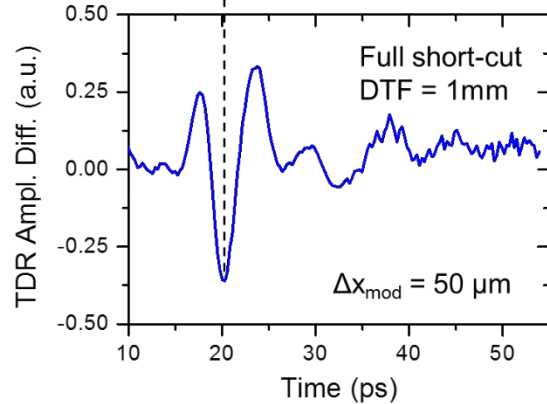
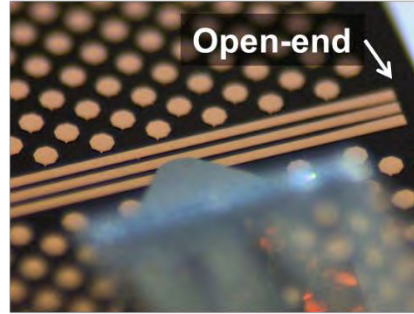
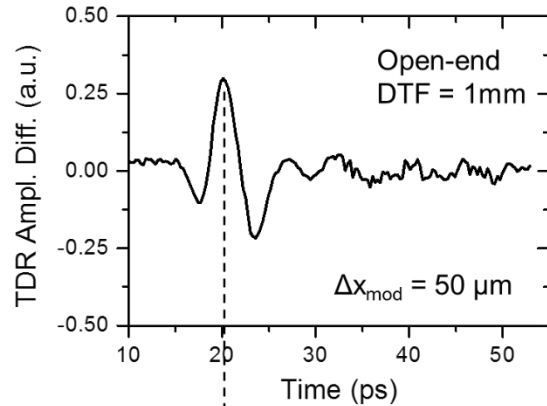
- Internal transmission as reference signal
- Multiple transient scans at different distances to fault
- Reflection signals from short and far distance opens

Failure localization



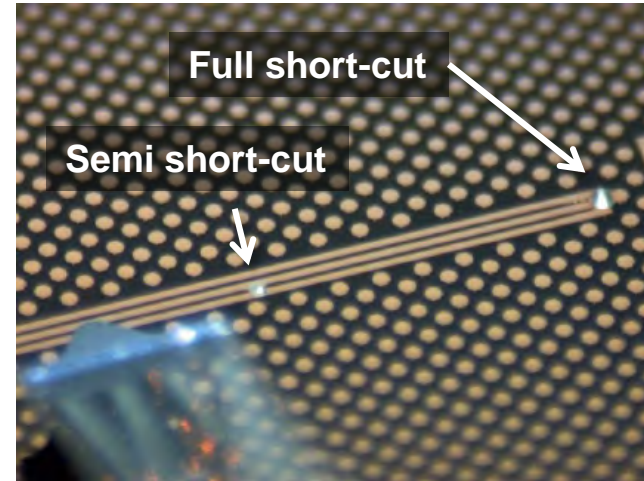
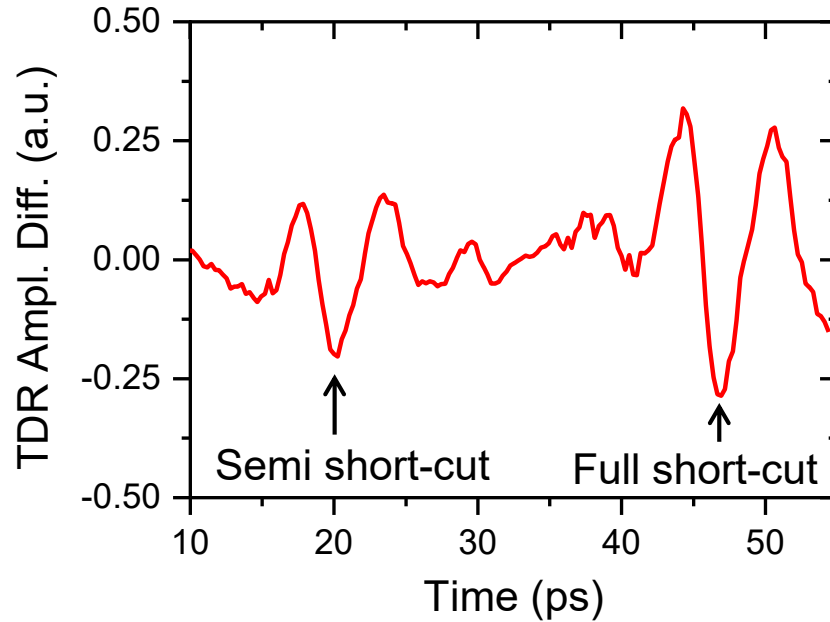
- Suppression of internal transmission signal through distance-to-fault modulation
- Determination of propagation dynamics:
 - Attenuation
 - Group/phase velocities

Failure localization



- Type of fault discrimination
- Open vs. Short-cut
- Resistive faults
- Resonant faults

Failure localization



- Detection of consecutive faults

Conclusion

- **THz microprobes**
 - Efficient and versatile tools to avoid inefficient coupling of free-space THz radiation to micro/nanostructures
- **Examples: Surface analysis**
 - **Sheet resistance imaging**
 - Non-destructive (contactless), Fast (< 5ms/Pixel)
 - Quantitative (R_{sh} range: 0.1 – 10000 Ohm)
 - High resolution (ca. 10 μm)
 - **Metamaterial-based sensing**
 - Increased sensitivity through near-field single element read-out
- **Examples: THz device analysis**
 - **THz on-chip testing:** Access to field vector components, amplitude, phase, time- & frequency domain information
 - **Failure localization in chip packages:** > 10-times increased fault location resolution through sub-ps rise-time THz signals

Contact information



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