# Picosecond Lasers

Femtosecond Lasers

# PT277-XIR SERIES



PT277 series laser systems integrate a picosecond optical parametric oscillator and DPSS pump laser into a single compact housing. Mounting the components into one frame provides a cost-effective and robust solution. It makes laser installation shorter and improves long-term stability, reduces maintenance costs. The tuning range for the model PT277-XIR 1400 – 2000, 2280 – 4450, 4800 – 16000 nm (7000 – 5000, 4385 – 2245, 2080 – 625 cm<sup>-1</sup>) with linewidth <5 cm<sup>-1</sup> in the full tuning range.

The fast wavelength tuning is based on the microprocessor-control and wavelength tuning is fully automatic. The wavelength tuning elements are mounted on precise closed loop micro stepping motors. The temperatures of the non linear crystals is controlled by a precise thermocontrollers. For customer convenience the system can be controlled via keypad and/or any controller running on any OS using REST API commands. Variety of interfaces USB, RS232, LAN, WLAN (optionally) ensures easy control and integration with other equipment.

### **FEATURES**

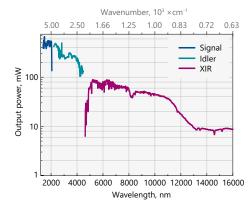
- ► 1400 16000 nm (7000 – 625 cm<sup>-1</sup>) tuning range
- ► Linewidth <**5 cm**<sup>-1</sup> in the full tuning range
- Nearly diffraction limited divergence
- Remote control via keypad and/or any controller running on any OS using REST API commands
- PC control via USB (virtual com port), RS232, LAN

### **APPLICATIONS**

▶ Infrared spectroscopy

# TUNING CURVES

Fig 1. Typical output PT277-XIR tuning curve.
The actual tuning curve might differ from presented here.



# PT277-XIR SERIES

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

PICOSECOND TUNABLE SYSTEMS

| Model   | PT277 - XIR                                    |
|---|--|
| SYNCHRONOUSLY PUMPED OPO SPECIFICATIONS <sup>1)</sup> |  |
| Tuning range  |  |
| Signal  | 1400 – 2000 nm (7000 – 5000 cm <sup>-1</sup> ) |
| Idler   | 2280 – 4450 nm (4385 – 2245 cm <sup>-1</sup> ) |
| XIR   | 4800 – 16000 nm (2080 – 625 cm <sup>-1</sup> ) |
| Linewidth   | < 5 cm <sup>-1</sup>                           |
| Output power 2)                                       |  |
| OPO @4000 nm (2500 cm <sup>-1</sup> )                 | > 150 mW                                       |
| OPO @ 12500 nm (800 cm <sup>-1</sup> )                | > 10 mW  |
| Pulse repetition rate                                 | 87 MHz   |
| Pulse duration (pump laser)                           | ~8 ps  |
| Scanning step   |  |
| Signal  | 0.1 nm   |
| Idler, XIR  | 1 nm   |
| Polarization  | vertical                                       |
| Typical beam diameter 3) 4)                           | ~3 mm  |
| Typical beam divergence 5)                            | < 2 mrad (for signal)                          |
| Beam pointing stability                               | < 50 μrad rms @ 1596 nm                        |
| AOM modulation  | 70 kHz – 2 MHz                                 |
| Fast spectral scan, scan speed (for spectral range)   |  |
| Idler   | < 2 s  |
| XIR   | <1s  |
| PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS                              |  |
| Unit size (W×L×H)                                     | 320 × 766 × 241 mm                             |
| Power supply size (W×L×H)                             | 483 × 140 × 390 mm                             |
| Umbilical length                                      | 2.5 m  |
| OPERATING REQUIREMENTS                                |  |

water-air (by provided chiller)

22 ± 2 °C

±1°C

20 – 80 % (noncondensing) 100 – 240 VAC (-10% / +5%), single phase, 50/60 Hz

< 1 kVA

not worse than ISO Class 9

- All specifications are subject to change without notice. The parameters marked typical are not specifications. They are indications of typical performance and will vary with each unit we manufacture. Unless stated otherwise all specifications are measured at 1596 nm.
- Output powers are specified at selected wavelengths. See typical tuning curves for power at other wavelengths.
- 3) Measured at 3000 nm.
- Beam diameter at the 1/e² level and can vary depending on the pump pulse energy.
- 5) Full angle measured at the FWHM level.

Note: Laser must be connected to the mains electricity all the time. If there will be no mains electricity for longer that 1 hour then laser (system) needs warm up for a few hours before switching on. The laser and auxiliary units must be settled in such a place void of dust and aerosols. It is advisable to operate the laser in air conditioned room, provided that the laser is placed at a distance from air conditioning outlets. The laser should be positioned on a solid worktable. Access from both sides should be ensured. Intensive sources of vibration should be avoided, like railways station etc nearby laboratory.



## **OUTLINE DRAWINGS**

Cooling

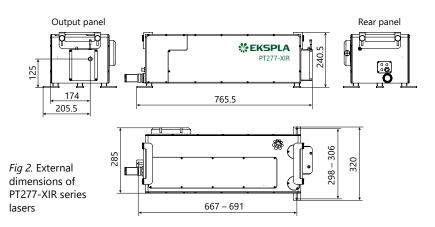
Room temperature
Room temperature stability

Relative humidity

Power requirements

Power consumption

Cleanness of the room



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