

TRITOM

Multimodal whole body in-vivo Imaging Platform



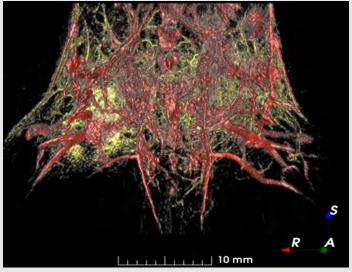
Co-registered photoacoustic/ fluorescence 3D tomography

Molecular & functional imaging with high-resolution anatomical registration

Optimized for small murine research models



Co-registered Multimodality 3D Imaging



True 3D anatomy with sub-millimeter spatial resolution:

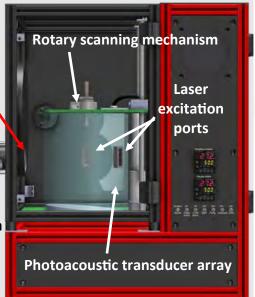
- 160 μm x 160 μm in transverse planes
- 160 μm x 470 μm in sagittal and coronal planes

TriTom composite 890 nm + 532 nm imaging of a life mouse vasculature

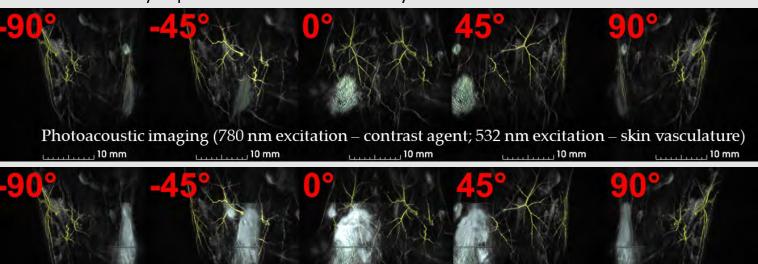
Enhance imaging benefits, eliminate shortcomings

TriTomTM utilizes simultaneous spectrallyselective optical and photoacoustic excitation and detection to create unparallel volumetric assessment of live organisms, organs, and tissues.





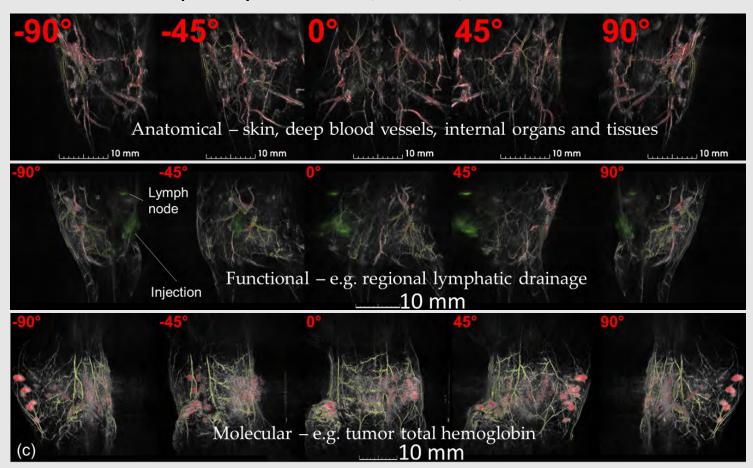
Molecular sensitivity of photoacoustics is enhanced by fluorescence



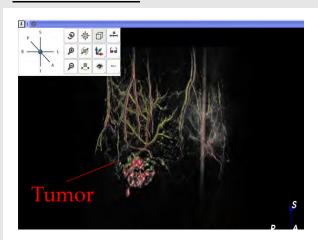
Fluorescence of a contrast agent (780/800 nm excitation/emission) + photoacoustic skin vasculature

TriTom Applications

Triple Analysis – anatomical, functional, and molecular

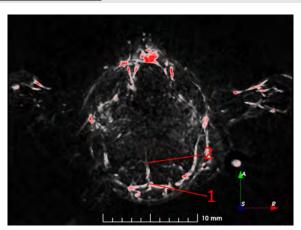


Cancer Research



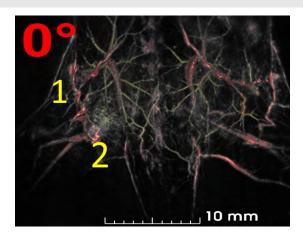
Composite skin & deep tissue 3D image. 532 nm skin excitation. 890 nm deep tissue excitation. Tumor size 10.6 x 4.7 x 11.6 mm3.

Neuroscience



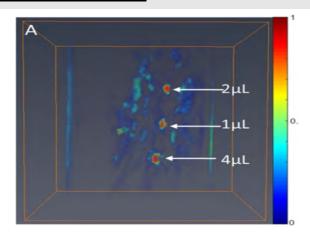
7 mm MIP axial slab of mouse's brain near the cerebellum/medulla. (1) confluence of sinus and (2) cerebral artery are marked.

Functional Imaging



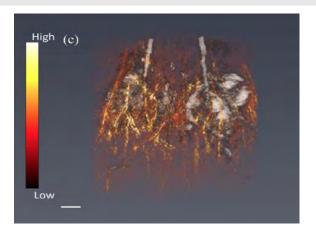
Lower abdomen of a healthy mouse. Red – deep blood vessels, 890 nm excitation scan. Yellow – superficial vasculature (skin), 532 nm excitation scan. 1 – right subiliac lymph node. 2 – injection site (right mammary fat pad)

Stem Cell Research



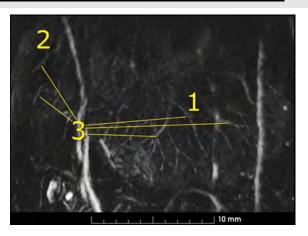
3D photoacoustic image of the spinal cord with injected cells denoted by arrows.

Developmental Biology



Pregnant mouse, gestational day 12 shows a composite skin / deep tissue photoacoustic image.

Anatomical Details of Internal Organs



PAT maximum intensity projection of mouse liver. (1) left lobe of liver; (2) right lobe of liver; (3) hepatic vein branches.

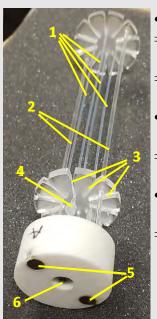
Development of Contrast Agents



Crossectional (axial) views of 0.8 mm inner diameter of the microcuvettes with IRDye800CW samples.

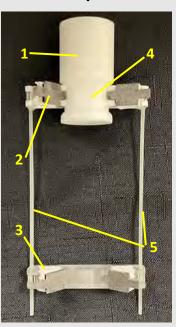
Accessories

Cylindrical cuvette holder (development of contrast agents)



- High throughput:
- ⇒ Interrogate up to 10 samples per scan
- ⇒ Preparation time < 5 min
- Save your valuable samples!
- ⇒ Tiny 50 µL sample volumes
- Convenient & repeatable procedure:
- ⇒ Radially oriented slots consistently hold samples in place, allow quick setup and removal of cuvettes
- (1) Four \emptyset 0.8 mm cylindrical cuvettes with samples
- (2) Plastic support rods
- (3) Radial slots for quick setup and removal of cuvettes
- (4) Silicon sealant applied to the ends of the cuvettes
- (5) Magnetic connects
- (6) Port for administering liquid scattering background

Mouse holder (in vivo imaging)



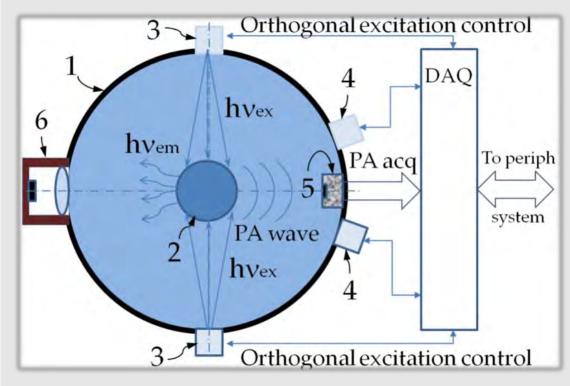
- · Reliable gas anesthesia
- ⇒ Delivered through the hollow shaft
- Convenient & repeatable procedure:
- ⇒ Mouse's front and hind legs and the head are fixed in a consistent position with minimal stress
- ⇒ Preparation time < 5 min
- (1) Hollow shaft to fix the mouse holder inside TriTom while reliably delivering anesthesia gas
- (2) Cushioned attachment slots for mouse's front legs
- (3) Adjustable support block for mouse's hind legs with cushioned attachment slots
- (4) Bite bar
- (5) Plastic support rods

Additional options include:

Phantom kits

- Animal heating pad
- Animal anesthesia system
- Animal holder

Patent Protected Technology



Perfect co-registration of imaging modalities

Both PA & FL are initiated simultaneously using pulsed high-efficiency laser light

Both PA & FL are enabled for molecular imaging by the tuning excitation wavelength during the scan. Tuning is necessary for multi-spectral imaging.

Excitation Source

Excitation source: Tunable OPO laser

Wavelength tuning range covering <u>all popular</u> <u>visible, NIR I and NIR II fluorophores and</u> <u>nanoparticles:</u>

- ⇒ 660 1064 nm (standard)
- ⇒ 460 659 nm (extended visible excitation)
- ⇒ 1065 1300 nm (extended NIR II excitation)

Up to 250 mJ peak energy @ 700 nm

10 Hz or 20 Hz pulse repetition frequency

Excitation linewidth < 0.5 nm (equivalent to 1,280 excitation filters!)

Integrated energy meter (quantitative imaging)





Photoacoustic and fluorescence excitation through the same ports (4)

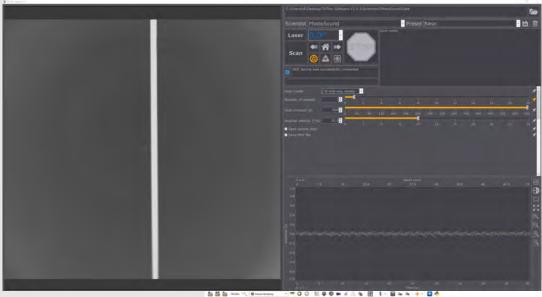
Software

The **TriTom**[™] imaging software suite provides a streamlined experience from simultaneous acquisition of optical and photoacoustic data to final reconstruction and co-registration of volumes.



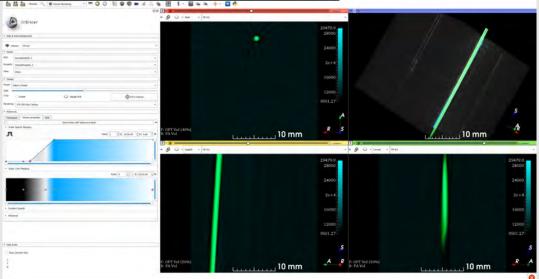
- Iconographic design of the main control screen
- Modular user-centric graphic Interface
- Optical frames
- Scan metadata
- Open data formats





TriTom image & signal monitoring interface

3D slicer — visualization and image processing software



Technical Specifications

| Navelength Range [nm] | 460-1300 | Single output, continuous tuning |
|----------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| Pulse Width [ns] | 3 - 5 | FWHM |
| Linewidth [cm-1] | < 10 | |
| Repetition Rate [Hz] | 10/20 | |
| Pulse Energy [mJ] | > 120 mJ @ 700 nm | |
| before fiber bundle transmission | > 10 mJ @ 500 nm | |
| Pulse Energy Fluctuations [%] | < 2 | StDev |
| Energy meter | Real-time pulse energy measurements stored in data header | |
| Fast wavelength switching | [470, 659] nm, [660, 1300] nm | |
| Dimensions [in (cm)] | 26.5 (67.2) x 17.1 (43.4) x 34.9 (88.7) | |
| Weight [lbs (kg)] | 150 (68) | |
| Input Power | 208 or 240 V 10 A 50 / 60 Hz | |

| Fiber Bundle | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Input / Output Configuration | 1:4 Circular/Linear | Over 2500 individually randomized fibers | |
| Axial Excitation Spot Size [mm] | 30 (50, 80) | standard (optional) | |
| Length [m] | 2 | | |

| Photoacoustic Transducer Array | | |
|--------------------------------|--|---|
| Configuration | Curved | Cylindrical focusing |
| Number of Elements | 96 | No dead elements |
| Element Size [mm^2] | 1.3 x 1.3 | Measured along centerline |
| Element Pitch [mm] | 1.4 | |
| Active angular aperture [deg] | 0.1 | |
| Radius of curvature [mm] | 118 | |
| Central Frequency [MHz] | 6 ± 10% | T/R measurements, Optimized sensitivity in receive mode |
| Bandwidth @ -6 dB [%] | ≥ 55 | T/R measurements |
| Acoustical Matching | water | 1.5 MRayl |
| Transducer Material | PEEK | Housing is connected to ground to prevent RF noise pickup |
| Utilization | Continuous immersion under 0.5 m of water between 10 to 40°C | |
| Shielding | Metalized inside, partial metalized outside (e.g. flash of gold) | |

| Fluorescence Emission Filters | | |
|-------------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| Optical Filter Wheel | Motorized | USB 2.0 PC connection |
| Clear Aperture [mm] | 25 | |
| Standard Optical Filter Emis- | 11 filters covering emission range between 483 nm and 850 nm, 1 blocked, 1 open, and 1 | |
| sion Ranges [nm] | custom slots | |

| luorescence Detector | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|--|
| Detector Type | sCMOS | High sensitivity cooled scientific camera |
| Bit Depth | 16-bit | |
| Sensor Size [in] | 1.2 | |
| Number of Pixels | 2048 x 2048 | |
| Pixel Size [μm] | 6.5 x 6.5 | |
| Quantum Efficiency [%] | 20 - 95 | 200 - 1000 nm |
| Readout Noise [e-] | 1.2 | Low readout noise for high frame rate applications |
| Dark Current [e-] | 0.03 | For 100 ms or shorter exposures |
| Dark Signal Nonuniformity [e-] | 0.2 | |
| Max Frame Rate [fps] | 35 | Full resolution |
| Cooling [°C] | -15 | Peltier cooling |
| PC Connection | USB 3.0 | |

| GION™ ADC Data Acquisition | Unit | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Channels | 256 | |
| Programmable Gain [dB] | 46 - 91 | Measured using oscilloscope with 50 Ω input |
| Analog Bandwidth | 40 kHz - 25 MHz | |
| Resolution | 12-bit | |
| Sampling Rate [MSPS] | 40 | |
| Min Input Impedance $[k\Omega]$ | 1 | |
| Max Frame Rate [Hz] | 200 | Up to 400 Hz using 128-channels only |
| Points / Frame / Channel | 4096 | |
| Trigger Connections | 2x SMA Electrical / 2x Optical | |

| ed, subject to change without n | otice) |
|--|---|
| Desktop | Mini ITX case with handle |
| Core i5-10600 | 6 Cores / 12 Threads 3.3 - 4.8 GHz 12 MB 65 W |
| Geforce RTX 2070 Super | 2560 CUDA cores 1605 - 1770 MHz 8 GB GDDR6 215 W |
| 16 GB | DDR4 3200 MHz |
| 2 TB | M.2 NVMe PCIe 3.0 SSD |
| Two 27" Monitor, resolution 2048x1080 | |
| Microsoft Windows 10 Pro 64-bit | |
| 14.8 (37.5) x 7.83 (19.9) x 12.3 (31.2) | |
| 20 (9.1) | |
| Advanced TriTom imaging suite (multimodality 3D imaging, molecular spectral imaging, molecular unmixing); 3D slicer visualization & image analysis | |
| | Desktop Core i5-10600 Geforce RTX 2070 Super 16 GB 2 TB Two 27" Monitor, resolution Microsoft Windows 10 Pro 14.8 (37.5) x 7.83 (19.9) x 1 20 (9.1) Advanced TriTom imaging s |



About PhotoSound ®

PhotoSound Technologies, Inc. (Houston, Texas USA) develops new imaging products and technologies for life sciences. A 3D imaging platform for in vivo preclinical research and drug discovery (TriTom™) is implemented on patented PhotoAcoustic Fluorescent Tomography (PAFT) technology, which utilizes simultaneous spectrally-selective optical and photoacoustic excitation and detection to create unparallel volumetric assessment of live organisms, organs, and tissues. A MoleculUS™ system is developed for clinical research that can benefit from co-registered ultrasound and molecular photoacoustic imaging. We also offer a variety of OEM electronic components for multi-channel parallel data acquisition.

All PhotoSound technology solutions are designed and built by experts in biomedical imaging systems, photoacoustics, ultrasound, optics, electronics and tunable lasers. Our employees are committed to provide every customer with the highest quality products and services, short delivery times and competitive pricing. Visit us at www.photosound.com to learn more about our products and proprietary technologies.

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All specifications are subject to change without notice.

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TriTomTM is designated for pre-clinical research only and is not suitable for human clinical trials.

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